OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AFP) — Israeli Foreign Minister Ehud Barak said Friday that there would be no change in Israel's nuclear policy. "Our nuclear policy has not changed, will not change and cannot change in the future," Mr. Barak said on Israeli radio. 'This position is not tactical, or political, because it is a vital radio. "This position is not tactical, or political, because it is a vital question for the people of this country and future generations," the foreign minister said. Prime Minister Shimon Peres denied Tuesday there had been any change in Israel's nuclear policy after indicating last week that the Jewish state would give up its "nuclear" option in exchange for an overall Middle East peace. "We have repeated a thousand times that negotiations on a treaty banning non-conventional weapons, including chemical, nuclear and biological, could not be reached until a global peace had been established in the region," Mr. Peres said. A few days earlier, Mr. Peres said: Give us peace and we will give up the nuclear (option). If there is peace, we could denuclearise the Middle East."

Syria, Israel end

3 days of talks

WASHINGTON (Agencies)

Israel-Syria peace talks concluded on Friday in rural

Maryland, but informal dis-cussions will continue in

Washington over the

weekend, the State-

Department said.

Describing the negotiations as "useful and condu-

cive to further discussion,"

State Department spokesman John Dinger said Israeli and

Syrian participants would re-

main in the area and talk

informally, and the United States would also participate.

The next round of talks

between the two countries is

scheduled for next Wednes-

Participants in this first set of talks had originally been

expected to return to the

Middle East for weekend

consultations. The change in

plans was suggested by the

United States and agreed to by both Syrian and Israeli

delegations, Mr. Dinger said. These talks, the first be-

tween the two countries since

peace negotiations broke

down in June, were expected

to centre on terms of an

Israeli withdrawal from the

on positive note

Volume 21 Number 6110 AMMAN SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1995, SHA'BAN 8, 1416

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Yemen, Eritrea agree to evacuate islands'

and Eritrea have agreed in principle to withdraw troops from the disputed Hanish islands guarding access to strategic Red Sea shipping lanes, Etbiopian Prime Minister Meles Zinawi said

It was the first sign of a breakthrough since Eritrean forces captured the island of Hanish Al Kabir (Greater Hanish) on December 18 in a three-day battle in which nine

Mr. Meles met for several hours in the Eritrean capital with President Issaias Afeworki, following talks in Sanaa on Thursday with Yemeni President Ali Abdul-

He announced that both presidents had agreed to a demilitarisation of the nine islands in the Hanish archipelago but said the format had to be worked out, state radio reported.

He added the two countries were narrowing their differences, saying he was optimistic of a negotiated settlement to the crisis.

"The cloud of war doesn't hang over the area any-more," Mr. Meles said. "It's an extremely positive de-

velopment." Ethiopia --- which gets much of its supplies, particularly oil, via the Red Sea shipping lanes -- offered to try to broker a settlement immediately after the crisis erupted.

But a previous shuttle mission by the Ethiopian foreign minister, who visited both capitals, twice failed to break

AMMAN (AFP) --- Russia

has sent 27 tonnes of huma-

nitarian aid to Iraq, including

food and medicines for chil-

dren, Russian diplomats said

here Friday. The aid travelled Thursday from Jor-

Wednesday by Russian cargo

plane in Amman and has

been provided with the

largest Russian oil company.

which in July won a 70 per

cent share in a joint develop-

ment project at the western

Ourna Iraqi oil field to be

launched once crippling U.N. sanctions are lifted. An oil

and trade emhargo was slap-

ped on Iraq when it invaded

Kuwait in August 1990. De-

spite the sanctions, Baghdad

has negotiated several con-

tracts with international oil

firm to be carried out at a

soldiers pardoned

SANAA (AP) - More than

500 soldiers and officers who

fought with southern seces-

sionists in last year's civil war

in Yemen have returned and

rejoined the army under a

presidential amnesty, milit-

ary officials said Friday. The

officials, who spoke on condi-

tion of anonymity, said Vice

President Abd Rabo Man-

sour visited the men at the Al

Nasr military camp near here

Thursday and told them they

would be paid all their salar-

ies and given promotions if

they deserved. Thousands of

southern soldiers and suppor-

ters of the secessionists, who

were defeated by the north-

ern-based government, fled

to neighbouring countries

when the two-month war en-

BBC French falls

LONDON (AFP) — BBC

World Service broadcasts to

Europe in French will fall

silent after Sunday, ending a

tradition dating back to 1938,

the government-funded radio

said Friday. The shutdown,

plus the closing of a BBC

news and music programming

service to about 100 French

commercial FM stations, is

expected to save £6 million

ded in July 1994.

silent

500 Yemeni

Russian aid for

Iraqi children

Mr. Meles' announcement came as U.N. Secretary General Bontros Boutros Ghali arrived in Sanaa in a further bid to mediate in the dispute. He is to spend three

days in Yemen before travell-

ing to Eritrea for talks, offi-cials said. "The United Nations can play a role in the peaceful resolution to the conflict between Eritrea and Yemen, but this role depends on the willingness of the two sides," Mr. Boutros-Ghali told Ye-men's official SABA news

Egypt, Russia and the ation for African Unity have also been working

behind the scenes. Earlier, Yemeni Prime Minister Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghani had repeated Yemen's demand for a unilateral Eritrean withdrawal from the disputed island.

"It is necessary for Eritrean forces to evacuate this Yemeni island as a precondition to any peaceful solution based on international law," he told journal-

Meanwhile, Eritrean foreign ministry official Girma Asmerom told AFP that everything was ready for 195 Yemem prisoners to be repatriated after being handed over to the International Committee of the Red Cross, denying Sanaa's accusations of foot-dragging,

The delay is because we had to organise their transportation from the coast in an ambulance, as they're

"Everything is ready for their departure. We made every effort we could to

He said transportation to the airport was ready, and the ICRC-chartered plane, which arrived in Asmara Friday, had been given clear-

"We're cooperating in all our capacities. It would not serve the peace process to use such allegations that are use-

Sources told AFP that Mr. Afeworki shook the hands of each of the captured soldiers on Thursday as they were being handed over to ICRC officials. But a Yemeni official said:

The Eritreans are dragging their feet when the prisoner should have been repatriated on Wednesday."

Despite some progress in the negotiations, officials say it will take time to reach an overall agreement.

Sanaa is demanding a complete withdrawal of Eritrean troops from Hanish Al Kabir before the opening of talks on the final status of the archipelago. Asmara wants international observers to monitor a simultaneous withdrawal of all military forces from the island chain.

But the official Yemeni

daily Al Thawra slammed the

proposal, saying "Eritrea does not have the right to occupy the island and tions towards these issues. announce afterwards that it would be prepared to withdraw if there was an interna-



His Majesty King Hussein Friday receives the Omani minister of foreign affairs, Yousef Ben Alawi, at Al Nadwa Palace (Petra photo)

Ben Alawi ends visit

Jordan, Oman urge Baghdad to abide by U.N. resolutions

AMMAN (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein Friday received at Al Nadwa Palace the Omani Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Yousef Ben Alawi. The King re-viewed with the visiting Omani minister bilateral relations between the two countries. They discussed regional and, international issues, including efforts to achieve Arab solidarity, the latest developments in the Middle East peace process, and coordinating the two countries' posi-

King Hussein also discussed with Mr. Ben Alawi the Yemeni-Eritrean dispute over the Red Sea Island of Hneish and emphasised the need to resolve it by peaceful means. The meeting was attended by Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Al Kabariti, Oman's ambassador to Jordan, and the head of the Arah Department at the Omani Foreign Ministry.

Also Friday Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker received Mr. Ben Alawi and discussed with him bilateral relations and inter-Arab relations, in addition to the situation in Iraq. The two officials stressed support for Iraq's unity, and the need to ease the suffering of the Iraqi people, noting the need on the part of Iraq to adhere to all. United Nations resolutions, pertaining to the sanctions imposed on that country.

Mr. Ben Alawi left Amman later on Friday at the end of a two-day visit.

Oman, a member of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council, has been encourag-

ing the Gulf states to renew links with Jordan, broken off in 1990 because of the Kingdom's perceived tilt towards Iraq after it invaded Kuwait. The sultanate is spearhead-

ing a normalisation process with Israel, despite the hesitancy demonstrated by other states in that alliance.

Inspired by progress in Israel's negotiations with its immediate Arab neighbours, Oman is moving towards initiating trade relations with the Jewish State. A deal is expected to be concluded next month.

Last year, the late Israeli
Prime Minister Yitzbak
Rabin visited Oman. In
November, Mr. Ben Alawi
attended Mr. Rabin's funeral, marking the first public visit by a Gulf Arab official to Israel.

accused her of hindering a

proposed alliance and signal-

led a power struggle that

could seupper the anti-

"Let us wait. Otherwise it

may look like we are trying to

accuse each other and trap

each other in a corner. This

haste, rather than being con-

structive, may cause chaos,"

inflation, an 11-year-old Kur-

dish rebel campaign and a faltering privatisation prog-ramme have received little

attention since a government crisis began when Ms. Ciller's

right-left coalition collapsed

Ms. Ciller and Motherland

Party (ANAP) leader Mesut

Yilmaz, both conservatives

but bitter personal adversar-

ies, agreed on Tuesday to

block the Islamists with a

secular coalition backed by

But Mr. Yilmaz and leftist

leader Bulent Ecevit accused

Ms. Ciller of hurting negotia-

tions by insisting on heading

the alliance and keeping Mr.

Islamist plans.

Ms. Ciller said.

in September.

the left.

Ecevit out.

political uncertainty.

GAZA CITY, Gaza Strip (Agencies) — Palestinian self-rule leader Yasser Arafat will pay his first visit to the

newly antonomous West Bank town of Ramallah on Saturday, and not Friday as previously announced, his Ramallah, the business capital of the Palestinian ter-

Analysts say the country's to move into several villages lack of clear leadership may around Ramallah on Friday, berald a drawn-out period of notably the university town of Bir Zeit, completing their Turkey's pressing probdeployment in the prosperlems of 83 per cent annual

ous region of 70,000. On Thursday Palestinian protesters threw three firebombs at an Israeli army vehicle at a crossroads near the flashpoint West Bank town of Hebron, military

sources said.

A soldier was slightly injured when his hair was set on fire during the attack, the sources said, adding that the

duled to be evacuated by Israeli troops in March under an Israeli-PLO accord extending autonomy in the West Bank.

remain to guard 400 Jewish settlers living in the centre of the town, surrounded by 120,000 Palestinians.

pay an official visit to Saudi Arabia early next month following a recent tour of other Gulf states, his first since the Gulf war.

Arafat would travel to Saudi Arabia "to congratulate King Fahd on his return to good health" after the Saudi monarch's recent hospitalisa-

to provide any further details or dates for the trip, saying only that the visit would take place in early January ahead of Palestinian elections scheduled for the 20th.

out an hour's drive from Washington. But Israeli print and radio reported that the Jewish state had made proposals at the talks for bilateral economic cooperation and develop-

Golan Heights.

A news hlackout has been

imposed on the talks, held in

seclusion at the Wye Planta-

tion conference centre on

Maryland's eastern shore, ab-

ment in the event of an Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights. For the first time, negotiations also directly addressed territorial aspects of such a

withdrawal, along with re-levant security issues and the nature of an eventual peace agreement, the reports said. Internal Security Minister Moshe Shahal was quoted as saying in Jerusalem that Israelis "will accept a total retreat from the Golan if they are persuaded of the peaceful intentions of Syria.

Peace, be said, "is a very real possibility.' "We did not occupy the

(Continued on page 7)

Arafat due to enter Ramallah today and the United Arab Emi-

ritories, was turned over to Palestinian control Wednesday after 28 years of Israeb occupation, becoming the seventh and last main West Bank town to gain autonomy ahead of self-rule elections in

January Nabil Abu Rudeina, a top Arafat aide, said the Palestinian leader would address Ramallah residents Saturday. Earlier, Palestinian officials had said Mr. Arafat would visit the town Friday.

Palestinian sources said Mr. Arafat could hold a meeting of his council of ministers in the town, located 10 kilometres north of Jeru-

Palestinian police were due

army had questioned suspects and sealed off the area. Much of Hebron is sche-

However some troops will

Meanwhile, Mr. Abn Rudeina said Mr. Arafat will

Mr. Abn Rudeina said Mr.

Mr. Ahn Rudeina declined

Mr. Arafat visited Oatar

rates in the third week of December and travelled to Oman early this week in an effort to mend ties with Gulf Arab nations angered by his support for Iraq in its 1990 invasion of Kuwait and subsequent war against a U.S.led coalition.

It was Mr. Arafat's first visits to Qatar and the UAE since the war, although he has travelled to Oman and

Saudi Arabia since then. The wealthy Gulf states had been the main financial backers of Mr. Arafat's Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation prior to the war. He is now seeking support for the Palestinian self-rule authority he heads.

In Cairo, the Palestinian hardline group Hamas said it hoped to expand its dialogue with Mr. Arafat even if it will not participate in upcoming elections, an Arab League official said Friday. Mohammad Nazzal, a

member of a Hamas delegation which beld talks with the anthority in Cairo last week, met with League Deputy Secretary General Said Kamal on Friday. Mr. Nazzal said the Islamic

Resistance Movement . Hamas "is examining the widening of the dialogue with the authority," Mr. Kamal-told journalists afterwards, without providing details. Mr. Nazzai also underlined

that Hamas had 'no intention to issue statements urging a boycott" of Palestinian elections set for January 20, even if it does not itself plan to join. Three days of reconcilia-

tion talks between Hamas and the PLO-dominated Palestinian Authority in Cairo failed to convince the group to join the elections or drop its campaign of anti-Israeli attacks.

But Hamas did agree not to enfroce a boycott of the vote for a self-rule council and its president.

On Thursday Mr. Arafat issued a decree enlarging the Palestinian legislative council to be elected in January by four seats to 87 seats. Wafa Palestinian news agency said. Last week, Israel agreed

that the council be enlarged. The decree allocates an extra seat each to Jerualem, Gaza City, Khan Younis in the Gaza Strip and Hebron in the West Bank. PLO officials said earlier

this week the change was to

ensure adequate representation in the districts involved. The first Palestinian national elections are to be held on January 20 under the PLO-Israel peace deal.

4 die in Israeli raid on S. Lebanon

TYRE, Lebanon (Agencies)
--- A man was killed and three other civilians were wounded Friday by Israeli shells packed with metal dan to Baghdad after arriving darts during a bombardment triggered by a guerrilla attack on the Israeli-occupied zone "financial participation of the oil company LUKoil," a diplomat said. LUKoil is the in south Lehanon, U.N. sources reported. They said the victims, all Lehanese, were hit in the

village of Kabrikha, which is policed by Ghanaian soldiers of the United Nations peacekeeping force. The sources, speaking on

condition of anonymity, said 20-year-old Ali Ibrahim Mansour was killed when a 155mm Howitzer shell hit his His father, Ali Ibrahim,

Hassan, were wounded in the artillery and tank barrage. So was neighbour Osama Fahs. 17, the sources added.

60, and 22-year-old brother

That raised the casualty toll in fighting in the south,

the last active warfront in the

Arab-Israeli conflict, to 186 killed and 308 wounded. Security sources reported that the Lebanese were hit by flechette shells, which spray ont hundreds of darts when they explode.

These are prohibited internationally. But security officials say the Israelis have fired them on several occasions this year.

U.N. spokesman Timur Goksel said long-range Israeli artillery and tanks poured 'lots of phosphorous, conenssion and fleehette shells on Kabrikha."

The shelling followed a mortar attack by Shiite Muslim guerrillas of the Iranianbacked Hizbollah, or party of God, on a post manned by Israeli troops and allied militiamen in the occupied border strip, known as the 'security zone."

Israel has controlled the (Continued on page 7)

France turns back 5 Moroccan stowaways

BREST, France (AFP) -France said Friday it would not accept five Moroccan stowaways who spent six days in a cargo container before being discovered, rejecting a plea by the ship's owners to let them be taken off.

French judicial officials said there was no reason why the five, discovered Thursday in the hold of the Saar Breda. should not continue on board the ship to its destination of Rotterdam.

"There is no longer any reason why the boat should not leave for its original destination of Rotterdam," said a police spokesman, adding that the cargo ship had adequate accommodation for

The German ship, travelling from Casablanca, docked in the French port city of Brest to allow them to be released. The five were inspected by doctors on board the vessel and were in good health. None was under 18,

an official said. The owners of the ship.

Werner Boekstiegel Be-

(\$9.3 million) a year, it said. reerungs, said they were tak-

ing legal action to force France to accept them. A lawyer for the firm, Simon Foreman, said it was offering to pay for the five to be repatriated, by plane, to

stowaways to remain on board, he said. The stowaways were discovered on Thursday, after crew members had heard banging from inside an empty container. The ship had left the Moroccan port of Casab-

Morocco. It did not want the

ianca on Dec. 22. A French association to aid immigrants sent a lawyer onto the ship to help the emigrants, and later called on Interior Minister Jean-Louis Debre to let them into the country for medical treat-

One of the young men, who could speak a few words of French, told officials that the group had decided to stow away in order to get to "any European country."

Hundreds of Moroccans and other North Africans regularly seek illegal entry to countries of the European Union in search of work.

Turkish Islamists say they want good ties with West ter the polls, had termed the Ciller said on Turkish televitrade deal "slavery" during sion late on Thursday after two other secularist leaders

ANKARA (R) — Turkey's Islamist party, hoping to form a government after general elections last weekend, assured the West on Friday of good relations if it came to power.

"We have no intention of separating Turkey from the West and isolating it," Anatolian news agency quoted Welfare Party (RP) Deputy Chairman Abdullah Gul as saying. "We want to develop relations," Mr. Gul told reporters at a party

meeting in Istanbul. RP came first in last Sunday's polls hut does not have enough seats to govern alone. Caretaker Prime Minister Tansu Ciller and other secularist leaders are trying to block the Islamists.

A customs union between NATO members Turkey and the European Umon is due to go into force on January 1. Veteran party leader Necmettin Erbakan, in an apparent turnaround, said on Friday that the party did not

oppose the trade deal.
"We are not against the enstoms union. We are against the form of the agreement, the text and the way it is being applied," Anatolian quoted Mr. Erbakan as saying.

Mr. Erbakan, a fiery public speaker who has toned down his anti-Western rbetoric af-

CAIRO (AFP) - A

Greek-Egyptian team will

resume excavations on

Sunday at a controversial

site in the eastern oasis of

Siwa which they say is the

lost tomb of Alexander the

Great, an official has said.

seven Greeks, including

the leader and financer of

the dig, Liani Souvaltzi,

will work at the site for two

months, the head of the

Supreme Council for Anti-

quities, Abdul Halim

In February Ms. Souvalt-

zi raised a storm of con-

Nureddin, told AFP. -

The six Egyptian and

the election campaign. Welfare took 158 seats in

the 550-member parliament at the elections. Ms. Ciller's True Path Party (DYP) and a rival conservative party came in a close second with 131 and 135 scats respectively.

Ms. Ciller had presented the customs union, approved on December 13, as a victory for her Western vision over Welfare's Islamist values. Turkey is 99 per cent Muslim

but strictly secular. Meanwhile, Ms. Ciller began a year-end holiday on Friday. Ms. Ciller abandoned the political wranglings in Ankara on Thursday night to

bead for a new year break at

a Turkish ski resort with her family. No further talks between the other secular leaders were scheduled. "Sbe thinks it's better if the nerves are calmed a bit," a senior aide to Ms. Ciller told Reuters. A receptionist at the Kartalkaya resort north of ·

Ankara where Ms. Ciller was staying said she had no political advisers in tow. Two secularist leaders on Thursday branded Ms. Ciller an obstacle to a planned

coalition to block the RP. "The president will begin the process... there is nothing else to do at this stage," Ms.

tomb in Siwi oasis, in the

desert near the Libyan-

She pointed to inscrip-

tions found on the site she

had been excavating since

1989. But an official Greek

delegation discounted the

claim, saying the writings

dated to more than five

centuries after Alexander's

Mr. Nureddin said he

was "convinced the site is

an important archaeologic-

al discovery," but would

not conjecture whether it

death in 323 B.C.

Egyptian border.

Ouest for Alexander's grave continues was actually the young controversy when she announced that she had queror's tomb. discovered Alexander's "We hope that this ex-

cavation season will offer some evidence," he said. The Greek members of the team are already at the site and the remainder are to arrive by Sunday for resumption of the dig, Mr. Nureddin said.

The site of Alexander the Great's tomb remains an enigma for archaeologists, most of whom place it in Alexandria, the Mediterranean city that the Macedonian ruler founded in 331 B.C., a year after conquering Egypt.

مِلَدًا عند الأَصِل

Damascus Declaration countries praise resumption of peace talks

DAMASCUS (R) — Foreign ministers from eight Arah countries on Thursday praised the positive atmosphere surrounding peace talks between israel and Syria which resumed on Wednesday and said Syria had their full support.

A final communique issued by the Damascus Declaration alliance — grouping Syris, Egypt and the six-member Gulf Cooperation Couocil (GCC) — also said ministers backed reactiving the alliance which was formed io 1991.

The ministers noted with satisfaction the atmosphere of openness which led to the resumption of the talks on the Syrian-Israeli track," the

communique said.
"They (ministers) praised Syria's position and affirmed their full support to ber and to its serious efforts to achieve a just and comprebeosive peace based on Israel's full withdrawal to the (pre-war) June 4, 1967 lines and from South Lehanon," it

Syria's peace talks with Israel which Opened in 1991 are stalled over the fate of the Golan, security arrangements and future ties. The last round of Syrian-Israeli oegotiations was held in June when army chiefs of both states failed to reach agreement on security arrangements which would

back up a peace deal. The communique said the ministers "expressed satisfaction over the adoption of the Arab joint action document and affirmed the necessity of implementing its articles."

The document — a copy of which was obtained by Reuters — called for cooperation in economie, political and

security affairs.

It called on member, states to help each other if attacked by an Arab or a foreign country bnt leaves each state free to decide on the way it finds appropriate to defeod itself.

Diplomats said the formola suggested that the GCC grouping Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Omao, Qatar, Bahrain and the United Arab Emirates — would continue to rely on the West for defence and limit their cooperation with Syria and Egypt to the political and economic

The alliance, formed by eight Arah states in the U.S.led multi-national force which drove Iraq out of Kuwait in 1991, was originally based on military and ecooomic cooperation.

In an apparent reference to calls by Jordan for the establishment of a federation in Iraq, the eight ministers stressed the importance of preserving Iraq's territorial

integrity.
"The ministers affirm their rejection of any policies or measures which threaten the safety and unity of the Iraqi lands," the communique

Egypt and Gulf states also voice support of Syria in its water dispute with Turkey, urging Ankara to sign a just greement with Damascus on sharing Euphrates waters. The foreign ministers of

the seven, countries criti-cised Ankara for building dams oo the river without consulting with other states through which it flows — Syria and Iraq.

Syria has strongly criticised Turkey's multi-millioo-dollar plan for the construction of a

sharp decline in the flow of water to Syria which uses it for drinking and irrigation.
It has called for a perma-

oent water-sharing agreemeot to replace a provisional accord under which Ankara 'allows the flow of only 500 cuhie metres of water per second to Syria.

But Ankara, which accuses Damascus of backing Kurdish rebels fighting for an independent homeland in sootheast Turkey, has been

cool to the Syrian demand.
The eight Arab ministers said in their final communique that they were briefed on the flow of polluted water from a Turkisb irrigation project into Syria.

The ministers call upon

the Turkish government to stop allowing dirty waters to flow to Syria and to reach a just and acceptable agreement oo the sharing of the Euphrates waters," it added. It was the first time that

Syria's seven allies, who maintain good relations with Turkey, referred to the dispute in the alliance state-



ISRAELIS PROTEST: Several hundred of the 15,000 Israelis living on the Golan Heights protest outside the defence ministry in Tel Aviv Thursday against handing the Golan, captured from Syria in 1967, back to Damascus. The protest

was timed to coincide with peace talks at a site near Washington. Israel has yet to agree to total withdrawai from the strategic plateau (AFP photo)

Taliban rejects Rabbani's offer

Afghanistan's Taliban Islamic militia Friday rejected Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani's offer of talks to resolve the three-year old civil war in the country.

Commenting oo the offer announced hy Mr. Rabbani's spokesman in Kabul Thursday, a Pakistan-based Talihao spokesmao, Mufti Mobammad Masoom Afghani, termed it a "ruse."

"We know by experience that similar moves by Rabbam in the past bave turned out to be a smokescreen for military preparations against Taliban," the Taliban spokesman

"The latest offer falls in the same category," he said, adding that if Mr. Rahbani was sincere he should quit the office he has been "illegall occupying.

Meanwhile, a leader in a multi-party Afghan coalitioo opposed to Mr. Rabbani here said it would decide whether to accept or reject the offer in

the coming days.
"A meeting of the Supreme Coordinatioo Council of the Revolutioo of Afghanistan (SCCRA) is expected in three days," Geoeral PaioGen. Painda belongs to the

National Islamic Movement of Afgbao Uzbek chief General Abdul Rashid Dostam, which is one of the main components of SCCRA along with former premier Gulbuddio Hekmatyar's Hezb-i-

He said former Afghan president, Sibghatullah Mojaddedi, wbose factioo, Jabhah Nijat-e-Milli, is also part of SCCRA is due in Pakistan from New York Mr. Afghani said the Isla-

mic movement would not fall into the "trap" which he said the Kahol anthorities were trying to set up. He recalled that early this year Mr. Rabhani's forces had "treacherously attacked" Taliban early vear around Kabul Pakistani religious leader Maulaoa Fazalur Rehman was in the area to mediate between the two sides.

Mr. Afghaoi said the attack was launched as the Taliban fought against the Shia Hezb-i-Wahdat faction in Kabul's outskirts - during the movement's first abortive attempt to take over the Afghan capital.

Meguid's wishes

Arab unity in '96

CAIRO (AFP) — An Arah free market, a Palestinian state and an Israeli withdrawal from the Golan are at the top of Arah League head Esmat Ahdul Meguid's wish list for 1996.

"I hope for 1996 that the-Arab World will see a just and total peace in a regioo free of weapons of mass destruction," the league secretary general told the official Egyptian news agency

"The Palestinian people and their leadership must have a nation on all Palestinian territory with Jerusalem as its capital," he said.

"I bope an Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights and South Lebanon will be achieved so peace can reign and our energies can turn to development and sta-

Palestinians seek cheaper water from Israel

Israel Thursday about the price it charges for water supplied to the self-rule areas in the West Bank and Gaza.

"The prices charged hy Mekorotb (Israel's water company) are very hard on us, said Mobammad Nashashibi, the Palestinian authority official in charge of finance and agriculture.

A scarce resource in the parched Middle East, water remains a serious source of contection between the two sides three mooths after the signing of a peace deal ex-panding Palestinian; self-rule ; We bave an agreement on

water but there are difficulties in carrying it out. There are problems with the price, the payments," Israeli Agriculture Minister Yaacov Tsur told reporters after meeting Mr. Nashashibi.

Mr. Tsur agreed to present the Palestinian demands to Israel's Mekoroth water com-

pany. Mr. Nashashihi complained about the fact that Palestinians pay more for their water than Jewish settlers in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

According to Mckoroth, Jewish settlers in the West

Bank pay a subsidised rate of 1.04 shekels (\$0.33) per cubic metre of water, the same paid by residents of any Israeli

The Palestinians pay 1.55 shekels, or "full real cost," Amos Epsteio, Mekorotb general manager, told Reo-

While the price is still under negotiation, be said it was expensive to hring water to higher altitude cities like Ramallah and Hehron and suggested Israel was reluctant to subsidise the Palestinians'

they want subsidised water, let them ask the United States or the United NaMekoroth supplies Jewish settlers in the West Bank with four millioo cubie metres of water a year and Palestinians with 25 million,

Mr. Epstein said, In Gaza Jewisb settlers pay 0.56 sbekels per cuhic metre of water, while the Palesti-

nians pay 1.04 shekels.

Mr. Epsteio said Mekoroth
charges Palestinians in Gaza
less than in the West Bank because it is cheaper to bring water to Gaza and only a small amount — five million cubic metres a year — is

involved. The rest of their water comes from local wells. He said the 5,000 Jewish rate for agricultural water since most of their activities there involve farming.

Mr. Nashashibi said he also discussed with Mr. Tsur ways to reduce the Palestinian trade deficit with Israel. He said Palestinian imports from Israel amounted to \$1.2 billion a year while exports were only \$200 million.

He urged Israel to huy more Palestinian goods. He also said the Palestinians sought to amend the economic agreement with Israel to allow them to huy more goods from other countries such as Jordan.

Poll shows satisfaction with Peres' government

(AFP) - A majority of Israeli Jews expect Prime Minister Shimon Peres' Labour Party to win next year's general elections and two of three voters are satisfied with his bandling of government, according to a poll published Friday.

The Gallnp poll, published by the right-wiog daily Maariv, said 57 per cent of those queried believed that in the elections scheduled for October the Labour Party will beat the right-wing Likud groop, which is strongly opposed to Mr. Peres' peace

nians and Syria.

Only 22 per cent said they helieved Likud, headed by Benjamin Netanyahn, wonld win the polls, with the rest undecided.

satisfied with Mr. Peres' handling of government since he took over as prime minister following the Nov. 4 assassioatioo of Yitzhak Rabin by a Jewish extremist, 38 per cent answered yes, while 19 per cent said they were uobappy with Mr.

Another 24 per cent said the government's record was

When asked if they were

'average."
In light of the government's policy of granting autonomy to Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, half of those queried said they expected the number of anti-Israeli attacks to drop in 1996, contrary to Likud warnings that Israel's security is threatened by the

Only 15 per cent said they feared an increase in terror-The survey questioned 550

this week and has a margin of error of four per cent, Maariv

Campaigning for Palestinian elections kicks off

QATANEH, West Bank (AP) - Hanan Ashrawi, the raspy-voiced former spokeswoman of the Palestinian cause, is oow competing in ber people's first general elections.

As a member of the Christiao minority aod lacking the support of clans and political factions, Ms. Ashrawi targets women voters in a campaign aided by computers, pollsters and humper stickers.

"I want you to vote yourself, and not let your busband decide for you," Ms. Ashrawi told several dozen Palestinian women Thursday during a campaign stop in a village kindergarten. She promised to press for pro-women's legislation in the 89-seat autonomy council that is to be elected Jan.

Ms. Ashrawi, 49, was getting an early start in a eampaign that officially kicks off this weekend Running as an indepen-dent, she is competing against 67 caodidates for one of seven seats from a district that includes Jerusalem and sorrounding West Bank villages. Even though she is well-

known internationally, Ms.

Asbrawi faces an uphill battle against candidates who either have the backing of Yasser Arafat's Fateh faction or local clan leaders.

For many, if not most of the 700 candidates, issues are secondary. They shrug when asked about an agenda and appear to be relying more on back-room deals than direct voter appeal.

For campaigning, most make do with cigarette box-sized ads that have been filling four Palestinian daily newspapers for the last few weeks. The ads usually have a passport photo of the candidate and begin with the words, "Relying on God, the Merci-

Io one such ad on the front page of the Al Quds daily, Abdul Bari Abu Hasireb from the Gaza Strip tells voters that, "Re-lying on God and the support of friends and fisher-men, I decided to run for the legislative council to serve my bomeland." Some of the voters are

disaffected even before the campaign begins in earnest. Mahmoud Kandiel, 40, who owns a company for office furniture, watched with disdain as two candidates worked the crowd at a Jerusalem wedding reception last week. "Most of the candidates

have no experience. They are not talking about the real issues," said Mr. Kan-

The lack of sopbistication is not uncommon in a traditional society that is holding its first free elections after a century of occupation by Ottoman Turks, the Britisb and Israel.

Many believe the outcome is pre-determined, in part because the opposition is staying away. The most powerful rival to Mr. Arafat and bis Fateb faction is the Islamie militant group, Hamas, which decided to remain on the sidelines and did not field candidates. Leftist groups announced a boycott.

In such an environment, independents like Ms. Ashrawi are the most serious challengers to the Arafat faithful. Mr. Arafat bimself is running for president of the self-rule govemmeot, challenged only by a 72-year-old social worker, Samiha Khalil.

Ms. Asbrawi hired as ber campaign manager Mohammad Labadi, who earned his stripes writing underground leaflets that galvanised Palestinian protesters during the 1987-1993 uprising against occupation.

They set up a Westernstyle campaign headquarters in a three-room suite in the Al Zahra Hotel in East Jerusalem, aided hy five computers, a staff of six and hundreds of volunteers.

On Thursday, Ms. Ashrawi visited Qataneb, a village of 9,000 nestled in a valley on the northwestern outskirts of Jerusalem. In the village kindergar-

ten, some 50 women, many dressed in traditional robes and white beadscarves and sitting on children's chairs, listened attentively to Ms. Ashrawi. "A woman should be the

decision maker in society. yes?" Ms. Ashrawi declared, pacing up and down in front of the rows of chairs in a natty hlue suit. The women nodded in affirmation. If elected, the candidate

said, she would press the council to approve equal rights legislation. "I don't trust men to make laws for us. The women should make laws for themselves,'

she said.

Such tough talk electrified the women who had always been told to be subservient to men. Ms. Ashrawi walked away feeling she had won more votes.

41.7

. 7:

-

The campaign laonch was tougher for another maveriek, human rights lawyer Jonathan Kuttab. who announced his candidacy next to the ruins of a home that was demolished hy Israel in 1993. His only audience were

three reporters, a few supporters and the couple that had lived in the home, destroyed under Israel's restrictive housing policy for Palestinians in Jerusalem. Mr. Kuttab said that, if elected, he would try to get

the zoning changed so Khalil Shkirat could rebuild the house. Mr. Shkirat, who now lives in a bus with his wife and four children, listened politely and even showed Mr. Kuttab his voter registration card. But when asked later by reporters whether be expected Mr. Kuttah could help him, the

63-year-old retiree was

non-committal. "I only expect help from God," he

Dubai (EK)

Larraca (CY)

... Catro (MS)

15:50 19:15

23:25

80:15

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

ins (cartoon) . Harry and the Hender .. Blue Heelers Only in Hollywood I Love Lucy (Comedy)
Sky Trackers 17:00

... Le Journal Magazine — Faut Pas Rever News Headline: Major Dad Doc. — The Stamp of Greatness 29:25 The Bold And The Beautiful Star Trek
..... News in English

Feature Film: "Deadly Medicine" 23:59 Serie — Behaving Badly

774	YER THES
95:06	Fajr
06:30	(Sanrist) Daha (Sanrist) Daha Dhuhr
	'Asr
16:45	Maghreb
18:07	'isba

CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nezareth Church Swelfish, Tel. 810740 emblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Amausciation Tel. De in Selle Church Tel. 661757 Terranancia Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel.

Auglican Church Tel. 652826. 771331. inn Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.
Answen International Church Tel.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. German-speaking avangencia Con-gregation Tel. 845457 The Latter-Day Sahata Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarette Tel.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Ans. 811295

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-ment of Meteorology.

and cold at night. Scattered rains are expected in the northern parts of the Kingdom. Temperatures will be around their annual average. Winds will be northwesterly mod-Min./Max. temp.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 14, Aqaba 22 Humidity readings: Amman 33 per cent,

Agaba 34 per cent.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN:	
Dr. Mukhles Mazahrah	. 82042
Dr. Salman Al Daboubi	. 77675
Dr. Ramzi Mzawi	20472
Dr. Khalid M'addi	. 74350
Fires pharmacy	. 66191
Perdows pharmacy	. 77833
Al Asema pharmacy	63705
Nairoukh pharmary	62367
Al Salam pharmacy	. 63673

637660

ZARQA: Dr. Akram Hadded

EMERGENCIES

630341 Civil Defence Emergency 199 Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777 Fire Brigade Blood Bank Highway Police Traffic Police . 896390 ... 630321 . 60580C in Municipality 787111

Repairs Abdali Telephone Repairs Jordan Television Radio Jordan .774111 Jordan Electricity Authority

RJ Flight Information 08-53200

Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200

HOSPITALS

Electric Power

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Malhas, J. Amman ... Palestine, Shmeisani Shineisani Hospital
University Hospital
Al-Mussher Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali 845845 . 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen . Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 777101/3 Army, Marka Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50 Amal Hospital 674155
The Arab Centre for Heart and

Special Surgery

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560 (09)986732 815615 Princess Basma Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibu Al Nafees Hospital

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

Royal Jordanian (RJ)

APPIVALS

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

09:55 10:65 10:15 New York, Amsterdam (RJ) 12:45 Berlin, Vienna (kd)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Bahrain, Doha (GF)

. Rome (AZ) Vienna (OS) . Dubai (EK) 15:00 18:15 Paris, Damascus (AF) 22:95 22:35 Lamaca (CY) ... Cairo (MS) Athens, Beirut (OA) 23:15 **DEPARTURES**

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 11:30 11:50 12:05

20:05

29:10

Riyadh, Dhahran (RJ)
Larnaca (RJ)
Jeddah (RJ) 20.36 21:15 Jeddah (add) (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RJ) Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) 97:45 Bearut (ME) 13:39 Bahrain, Shariqah (GF) 15:28 Rome (AZ)

Vienna (RI)

Grape Fruit , Marrow (large) . Marrow (small) Onion (green) Onion (dry) 210 IX Orange _549/400 260 / 180 269/190 269/190 15080 13080 270/280 170/198

MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg. 700/ 500 680 880/700 Carrot 260/150 110/50 Cucumbers (large) Cucumbers (small) 200/ 120 350 / 220 220/150

Afro-Arab dialogue to offer 'historic chance' for regional cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) — Preparations are being made for an Afro-Arab parliamentary dialogue conference in Amman on Jan. 8, and invitations have been sent out to African and Arab parliamentarians to take part in the event, Speaker of the Lower House of Parliament Hayel Srour announced Friday.

Mr. Srour said the threeday conference, which will be held under royal patronage, offers a historic chance to Arab and African parliamentarians to strengthen cooperation among countries and promoting the role of democracy in the African and Arab regions.

Jordan's delegation to the meetings, Mr. Srour said, is to be led by senator Abdul Salam Majali and will include three senators and eight deputies from the

All technical and administrative arrrangements are being taken to facilitate participation in the meetings, according to Mr.

The parliament speaker noted that a special sevenmember Afro-Arab committee which held its meetings in Amman last March to prepare for the Jan. 8 conference has approved an agenda for the delegates. The agenda includes three

issues: The role of African and Arab parliaments in . working out mechanisms aimed at preventing and/or settling conflicts in the Arab World and in Africa; Afro-Arab cooperation to keep Africa and the Arab World free of nuclear arms and other mass destruction weapons; and the impact of the application of the world's free trade on the economies of the African

and Arab countries, according to Mr. Srour.

The heads of delegations will deliver the main addresses at the opening session, to be followed by meetings through delegations' committees and groups which will prepare final reports to be reviewed hy all delegations in the

according to Mr. Srour. Mr. Srour said the Afro-Arab dialogue conferences. which are held every two years, were decided on by a general Afro-Arab parliamentary conference held in Tunis in March 1984.

final and open session,

On the sidelines of the upcoming conference, the Arab Parliamentary Union, which groups parliaments of the Arab World is likely to hold an informal meeting to discuss pan-Arab affairs and future pan-Arab action in the political fields.

Convicted child rapist/killer executed

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A 47-year-old man was hanged at Swaqa prison south of Amman at dawn Thursday, for the rape and murder of a Zarqa child last March.

The execution was the sixth carried out in the Kingdom in the past three months.

Shelish Mahmoud Shelisb was sentenced to death on May 7 by the Criminal Court after being found guilty of raping, sodomising then killing, Samar Ghousein, a nine-year-old Zarqa Camp girl during the month of Ramadan.

According to court documents, the convict, a service driver in Zarga, lured Samar, a fifth grade student at the United Nation's Relief, and Works Agency. (UNRWA) school in Zanga camp, into a wooden area in....

Yajouz on the afternoon of Feb. 23, and raped her.

The child started bleeding and screaming, the docu-ment said, adding that she threatened the convict and told him "my family will kill you and they will tell the police."

In his testimony to police, Mr. Shelish, wbo pleaded not guilty to both charges, admitted that he tried to stop the bleeding after the rape, hut failed, and said he bad no choice but to kill Samar, hy strangulation. to conceal his crime.

The convict said he placed Samar's body in the trunk of his car and dumped it in a valley near Abu Alia area in Tabarbour.

The child's body was found the following day by a shepherd after her family notified police of ber disaprearance.
The convict, who is martwo children ages seven and eight, told the authorities that be went back to Zarqa and bought some groceries, went home and ate hreakfast with his family, then changed his clothes and went back to work.

Efforts hy the convict's attorney to settle the case with the victim's family last September failed.

A Royal Decree was issued in September approving the death sen-tence of the convict after his case was reviewed twice at the Court of Cassation which approved the ruling of the Criminal Court.

The Court of Cassation in September protested the ruling of the Criminal Court which handed convict Shelisb one execution sentence for both the rape and murder of the child instead of two execution.

ried to two women and has Rawabdeh rejects rumours of government limitations on public freedoms, democracy

AMMAN (J.T.) - Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education Abdul Raonf Rawabdeh bas denied rumours that Jordan was lowering the ceiling of public freedoms and that the government of Jordan was exercising pressure on opposition groups in the

In an interview with the Qatari Rayah daily, the minister said opposition parties in Jordan have failed to win over the support of the man in the street or to closely involve people in the activities of political parties.

These parties, he charged, have resorted in some cases to undemocratic methods to assert their views. He further said the enforcement of the law does not mean a retreat from the path of

the Sports City Friday (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

Mr. Rawabdeb said the government was continuing to act democratically and through the application of the law. But, be said, others are applying undemocratic means to voice their opinions and that these, in particular, need to be stopped.

Many of those who keep bragging about public free-doms believe they are above the law and should not be asked to account for their actious, and this contradicts democratic principles, the minister said.

Referring to the press and publications law, Mr. Rawabdeb said the government has no intention of amending that law hut would contemplate the idea of amending it should violations and excesses in the media continue.

Mr. Rawabdeb also referred to the contacts that have been going on between Amman and Damascus for the release of tens of Jordanian political prisoners held in Syrian jails. He said contacts have

failed so far to bring about results, hut that efforts will continue.

He urged Jordanian political parties to assist the government in its endeavours on that track.

As to the fate of failed Jordanians accused of selling property to Israel, the minister said this was a

legal, not political issue. Should Jordanian courts decide that their imprisonment is no longer viable following the peace treaty with Israel, then the government will set them free, Mr. Rawabdeh asserted.



'A new page in the work of women committees has been written'

By Amy Henderson Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - What would it take to lure more than 1,700 women away from their homes on a Friday, the most important day for family life in Jordan?

Answer: A one-hour gathering announcing that Jor-dan's Women Committees have achieved the legal status of a non-governmental organisation-now known as the Jordanian National Forum for Women (JNFW).

Although just a formality, says Badia Murad, women committee member in West Amman, the importance of the JNFW is measured in terms of enthusiasm for the achievement, and the mere fact that women would abandon their traditional "Friday role" to travel from all corners of the Kingdom to celebrate women's achievements since the of Jordan's adoption Strategy for National

Women in 1993. "Can you imagine that women and men five or ten years ago would accept that a woman leaves her family and responsibilities on this day to attend something like this?" sbe asked. "It's doubtful, but this proves that an expanded women's role is gaining acceptance

hy both men and women." Facing a sea of women as varied as their activities, Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, chairper-son of the Jordanian National Committee for Women said. "During the past three years, we have written a new page in the work of women committees in the governorates based on our values and principles and spirit of famly, we did achieved inse result and with the support

of the government and other local NGOs, women bave become a significant part of the formula of progress and development in this country."

The status of an NGO, says Rand Hindawi, coordinator for the women committees in the governorates.

Former senate

member passes

away

Speaker of the Upper

House of Parliament

Ahmad Al Lawzi Friday

mourned the death of the

late Ali Mutlaq Al Habahbeh, former sen-

ate member, who passed

away on Friday.

مِلَدًا عنه اللَّصِل

AMMAN (Petra)

may appear a minor achievement, but it does give to women a sense of credibility.

framework in which to It's a good motivator."

dan-are a national initia-

They mostly operate independently under

Today, committees in income

"It gives them a legal

operate," she said. "It's important also simply because now they are acknowledged as a legal entity—they can expand more easily, they can mobilise funds, and also, they can feel they belong they can feel they belong. Women Committees-

now numbering 25 with a total membership of nearly 16.000 throughout Jortive of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, and act at a grassroots level to motivate a gradual change of social attitude in their respective communities towards the role of women and their ability to affect change in society.

umbrella of the Jordanian National Committee for Women, a policy forum that put the task to women themselves to apgrade their status in society.

each governorate identify prioritise their women's needs-which are often as varied as illiteracy; child care; environmental awareness; political, social, legal and human rights and generation—and engage their respective communities in activities to educate and enhance women's lives.

The point," says Rand Hindawi, coordinator of the committees within the govemorates, "is that the family and the community feel, at the end of the day, that an increased women's role has led to something positive tinguished results --- As a --- for - everybody -- woman, family, community." ...

Have the women committees been effective during their nascent existence? Let each community be the judge of their efficiency and effectiveness, but let it also be known that Jordan's women have been, at the very least, active. Their record thus far, boasts the



HRH Princess Basma, chairperson of the Jordanian National Committee for Women Friday announces the achievement of the legal status of Jordan's Women Committees as a non-governmental organisation; below, the logo of the new Jordanian National Forum for Women (Photo above by Yousef Al 'Allan)

following achievements:

-Continuing education programmes in health, education and politics in all governorates; -Literacy classes for

women: - The creation of scholarships for needy women in

higher education -The appointment of 99 women to the municipal councils in 1994, 80 of whom belonged to local women's committees;

-Several of women prepared the budget of their communities for 1995 and for the first time, environmental issues were out on the agenda of several councils;

-The election of 10 women to municipal councils, six of wbom were committee members

The election, for the first. time in Jordan's history, of a woman as mayor of a municipality; and - A change in maternity

ve legislation earlier th year increasing the leave allowance from one month to three months.

The municipal elections were demonstrative of a large change of attitude in



what you would call con-servative areas," sald Ms. Hindawi. "Men elected women to serve on local councils. We are still in the heginning stages of our share in decision-making efforts, but when you see more blieff at the higher the slightest gradual changes, it tells women

they are on the right track." The onus now, says Ms. greater acceptance and participation of women in decision-making positions. "We see that women can be an effective pressure group

through the change in some

legislation," she continued, "although we still have things to accomplish in terms of legislation."

"But also we need to levels. We bave several women working in lower and middle levels (of employment) but we do sion making-levels," she said.

In any case, she said, shortcomings for women may still be many, but "we can't discount our achievements."

Jordan, Sudan agree on cultural exchange programme

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan and Sndan Thursday signed an agreement for an executive programme of cultural and scientific cooperation for the years 1995-1997, covering cultural, education, information, health, archaeological and social development fields.

Under the programme, both countries agreed to exchange educational expertise and information on educational systems, in addition to granting scholarships to students to study at higher education institutions in both countries.

The two sides will also exchange cultural publications, and visits by press delegations from both

The two sides also agreed to initiate interchange between social security corporations and women's

In the area of health, they agreed to the exchange of bealth training and hospital management expertise, maintenance of medical equipment and marketing medicines produced in both In archaeology, the two sides agreed to bold training courses in the restora-

tion of archaeological sites. The agreement was signed by Ministry of Planning Secretary General Nabil Ammari, and by the Sudanese Ambassador to Jordan Ali Abdul Rahman Numeiri.

Debate focuses on need to upgrade quality of local economic reporting

By Lola Keilani Special to the Jordan Times.

AMMAN — Economists and journalists agreed on Wednesday that the Jordanian media was lacking in analytical skills in the reporting of economic events, and stressed the need for the establishment of financial newspapers.

These views were launched during a roundtable debate held at the International and Islamic Centre for Studies and Information to discuss the role of the media in its coverage of economic events and the performance of the media in reporting on Jordan's economic policies.

Participating economists, academicians, former ministers as well as representatives from the Chamber of Industry and the Businessmen's Association, criticised the media as an information mechanism.

Participating economists said the press in general project one point of view," which is the government's view," regarding Jordan's economic policies. "Jordan is carrying out a

structural adjustment programme, (but) until now we bave not witnessed any opposing opinions in the press." said Yakoub Suleiman, a lecturer of economics at the University of Applied Science. Such economical policies,

he added, should be explained to citizens since these polices affect their lives. Adel Shamayleh, a finan-

cial analyst, said any formal economic events covered by the media "tend to be exaggerated." He added that such

reporting may sometimes backfire. Citing examples from the Middle East and North Africa Economic Summit,

which was held in Amman in October, some participating economists argued that the means through which the media handled the event were somewhat "mislead-

Their arguments stated too much hype was projected in the press in anticipation of the summit, leading citizens to believe that benefits were to be delivered immediately.

They also argued that the media was "superficial" and that its coverage barely scratches the surface of economic issues, and that it was confined to reports on who opened what."

"Financial reports tend to lack detail and facts" said Walced Khatib, president of Amman Chamber of Indus-

Journalists explained that tackling Jordan's economic situation in the printed press, such as the high rate of unemployment, the dinar's market fluctuations, the structural adjustment programme, and the World Bank's activities in the Kingdom were often interpreted by authorities, as

"When analysing economic issues in the printed press, we (journalists) feel we are tackling taboos," said Khalid Zubeidi, economic editor at the Arabic daily Al Ra'i, who was one of two journalists attending the meeting. Participants stressed the

need for the establishment of serious financial and economy newspapers. These newspapers, they

stressed, may be able to fill

the gap which current publications lack and will have significant economic information as well as analysis "weather negative or positive." Hamdi Tabba'a, chairman of the Jordanian Business-

men's Association, said that with globalisation and access to international information. Jordan's media should pull its act together to produce quality economic news.

"We (Jordanian businessmen) should be able to read about Jordan's economic bordering on national secnational secnation about Jordan's economic rity matters. cialised local newspapers."

"For the time being," Mr. Tabba'a said, "we will continne to read foreign newspapers to understand where we stand in the internation-



Protest against French N-tests mounts; ambassadors recalled

The Swedish Green Party called on the government Thursday to recall its ambassador to Paris to protest against France's nuclear testing programme.

Swedish Green Party

spokesman Birger Schlaug made the statement Thursday, one day after France exploded its fifth nuclear bomb on the Mururoa Atoll in the current series in The South Pacific.

"Swedish membership in the European Union should not be a reason for Sweden to ahandon its previously critical policy against nu-clear testing," Mr. Schlaug said. Sweden joined the EU in January 1995.

"France's actions are a provocation beyond comparison. The move is similar to a terrorist action which threatens hoth people's health and a sensitive environment," Mr. Schlaug said.

The Swedish government Thursday condemned the French nuclear test. "It is very regrettable that France chooses to end the year with a new nuclear test," Foreign Minister Lena Hjelm-Wallen said in a statement.

"As we now move into 1996, I hope that a comprehensive test ban treaty will soon be a reality. France has agreed to sign such an agreement, which will prohihit nuclear testing forever," the statement read.

The test was the secondto-last to be conducted in the South Pacific, part of a French programme to test the country's nuclear arsenal ahead of the worldwide test ban and to allow it to prepare simulators.

Meanwhile, France shrugged off Thursday a new wave of world outrage

sparked by its fifth nuclear test in the South Pacific, saying it is in any case near to ending the controversial

As Paris' European allies again joined countries like Anstralia, New Zealand and Japan in condemning the tests, French officials reiterated that the tests are scheduled to finish by the end of February.

"We are approaching the end of the campaign," said foreign ministry spokesman Yves Dontriaux, after the latest, 30 kilotonne blast Wednesday night.

"France has already indicated that ooce this series of tests is over we will sign the comprebensive nuclear test ban treaty, which is being negotiated in Geneva and in which we are playing a decisive role," be said. The test at 2130 GMT

Wednesday was announced in a terse defence ministry statement reiterating simply that it was aimed at developing simulation techniques for future laboratory tests. -

With a power equal to less than 30,000 tonnes of TNT, it was one of the smallest so far since the hlasts were resumed in September, ending a moratorium annonnced in 1992 by former Socialist head of state François Mitterrand.

President Jacques Chirac, who came to power in May, has refused to how to international pressure, including a recent U.N. resolution, to stop the tests. Only China is also continuing to carry out

Mr. Chirac has pledged to end the tests ahead of their original schedule -- before the end of February -hut it is unclear whether the blasts will number six or seven in

France's charge d'affaires in Australia, Alain Mauroy. Mr. Doutriaux clarified this Thursday. "This elesaid after being called in to ment of uncertainty can be the foreign affairs departexplained because it will ment in Canberra that the depend on the results protests were nothing new. ohtained from the tests

already carried out. A deci-

sion will be taken in due

Protests about the latest

blast were bowever swift,

with French ambassadors

being summoned in a num-

In Sydney Acting Prime Minister Kim Beazley

described the action as reck-

less and arrogant. "I call on

the French government to

make a fresh start to 1996

hy immediately ending its nuclear weapons tests," be

In Washington a U.S.

State Department spokes-

woman said: "The United

States regrets this action

and we continue to urge all

nuclear powers including

France to refrain from any

Several of France's

European Union allies were

unguarded in their protests,

with statements hy Austria,

Denmark, Italy, the

Netherlands and Sweden

hours after the hlast.

Switzerland and Russia also

reaffirmed their opposition

In a spectacle which has

become familiar worldwide

this autumn, ecological pro-

testors burned an effigy of

Chirac in front of the

French emhassy in Rome.

The tests resumed on

Sept. 5 at the Mururoa and

Fangataufa atolls in the

South Pacific. Other tests

took place on Oct. 2, Oct.

27 and Nov. 21, sparking

protest to that seen

waves of world

similar

further nuclear tests."

course," he said.

ber of capitals.

"This is a language that we heard since the very beginning so we are very much accustomed to that,' be said.

The riming of the new hlast led to some comment - reports had indicated that it had initially been schednled for Dec. 22, but was postponed because Mr. Chirac was facing a political crisis at home over economic policy.

'It seemed to me outrageous France should have paid regard to pre-Christmas spirit in Paris and the strikes and all, hut were paying absolutely no regard to the universal opinion in this part of the world that no more nuclear testing should take place," said Acting Australian Foreign Minister Gordon Bilney.
In a related development

Thursday, the French Air Force confirmed it is replacing the last of its ageing Mirage IV P nuclear hombers with newer models next year, a year ahead of schedule.

An Air Force spokesman confirmed a report in the daily Le Monde that the old jets, at the forefront of its nuclear deterrent for more than 30 years, will be re-placed hy Mirage 2000 N aircraft hy the end of July

He said their withdrawal from service had been brought forward by a year on the original schedule, hut gave no explanation for this.



Mirage 2000 N which will replace the ageing French Mirage IV next year

Solar Temple police were under internal probe — source

police officers involved in the latest Order Of The Solar Temple deaths had undergone an internal investigation for belonging to the shadowy sect, a police source said Thurs-

Jean-Pierre Lardanchet and Patrick Rostan, whose charred hodies were among 16 discovered at the weekend in woods outside a village in southeastern France, appeared to their partners to be "cops like any others," a police source said.

"They did their work like everyone else. They were not unusual in any respect."

(AFP) - Two said the source at French National Police headquar-

They had been investigated for belonging to the Swiss-based sect after an earlier grisly set of deaths, in October 1994, the source

On that occasion 53 Solar Temple members were killed or committed suicide in what appeared to be coordinated actions Switzerland and the Canadian province of Quebec. Both detectives had testi-

fied as witnesses after the 1994 deaths, which prompted the internal inquiry. As the police investigation turned up nothing that could be held against them. however, no action was taken, the source added.

In the latest tragedy. Lardanchet and another man are suspected of killing fellow memhers of the doomsday sect before killing themselves outside the village of Saint-Pierrede-Cherennes, where the charred hodies were found.

They were rather reserved in their hehaviour," the source said. and they carried out their professional duties "in a normai manner."

Pole reaches second pole in same year .

Camilla covets royal title

LONDON (AFP) -- Prince

Charles' mistress is trolling for a new title and it is "her royal highness," according 10 "senior government

sources" quoted by the

Daily Express newpaper. Thursday. The tabloid said

Camilla Parker-Bowler

determined to many the prince and become a con-

sort, and adds that the

say she is tired of con

ing their relationship

secret. Senior figures in

government and Church of England

the prospect of a possible

marriage to Parker-Bowies

with unease, fearing it

could undermine the swer-

eign's popularity and is role as head of the Charch of England. According to the report, Parker-Bowles,

who recently divorced, was "infuriated" by Prince

Charles' announcement last

week that he would never

remarry after a divorce

from Diana. The issue of

prince Charles' long-stand-

ing relationsnip with

Parker-Bowles has been

the subject of even hotter

dehate than usual in Britain

since last week, when

Oueen Elizabeth II was

reported to have told Prince

Charles and the princess of

Wales that she wanted

them to divorce. Prince

Charles has concurred, hut

Princess Diana has yet to

WARSAW (AFP) — Polish explorer Marek Kaminski has reached the South Pole on his own, becoming the first man to walk unassisted to both ends of the earth within a year, Polish Radio said Wednesday, Kaminski, 31, who is also a philosopher and businessman from Gdansk, reached the southern tip of earth overnight Tuesday, having walked solo for more than 1,400 kilometres in 53 days, the radio said. It had taken him 71 days to reach the North Pole in May, accompanied by countryman Woiciecb Moskal but, again, with no en-route assistance such as air drops. Setting off from Berkner Island, Kaminski managed to cover an average of 30 kilometres a day, dragging 120 kilogrammes of supplies on a sleigh. Though it is summer in the hemisphere. southern Kaminski had to cope with strong winds, blizzards and temperatures of minus 30 degrees Celsius (minus 22

The Boss to hit the road solo

Fahrenheit).

WASHINGTON (AFP) -The hossman is headed back on the road. Bruce Springsteen announced plans to resume his first solo acoustic road sbow with dates for U.S. and Canadian audiences in January. After that, Springsteen is beaded for a two-month tour of Europe. Springsteen will play small venues alone. Springsteen's most extensive tour since 1992 resumes in Montreal on January 7, with dates to follow in Toronto, New Orleans and other U.S. cities. It is scheduled to continue in Europe in late February through early April.

'Nobody tops Elvis'

WASHINGTON (AFP) --Marilyn Monroe is popular. but nobody tops Elvis. That is the loose interpretation from figures released by the U.S. postal service this week. Stamps for 1995 bearing Monroe's likeness were the service's best selling for the year, with 46.3 million copies sold. The 1993 Elvis Presley stamp still holds the record with a whopping 124 million

U.S. touts deportation record, warns of alien smuggling alien-smuggling with the arrest of Gloria Canales, the suspected mastermind behind WASHINGTON (AFP) - The United into the United States. A task force from various U.S. agencies

States announced a record number of deportations for 1995 Thursday, but officials are warning that curbing the growing trade in alien smuggling will require a The number of U.S. "removals" for 1995

was up 15 per cent to 51,600 from 1994 a wbopping 75 per cent increase from 1990, according to the Immigration And Naturalization Service (INS).

"For too long we have allowed violators of our immigration laws to remain in this country by failing to dedicate the resources necessary to removing them," said Deputy Attorney General Jamie Gorelick in releas-

She added, bowever, that President Bill Thursday's report show his efforts have "paid off."

Most of those deported this year --- 62 per cent - were criminals who entered the United States illegally and were expelled after serving their sentences. Last year's figure represents a buge jump from the four per cent that category represented 10 years

Immigration agents are also turning away record numbers of people trying to cross over U.S. borders, with 9.400 sent back in 1995 against 5,669 the previous year.

But once safely across, most aliens man-

age to stay in the United States. More than 90 per cent of the illegal immigrants deported are picked up at the border, according to Moreover, an annual 50,000 deportations

are unlikely to make a real dent in the some four million undocumented aliens living in the United States, a population which grows by about 200,000 a year. Concern here is also mounting over the

growing trade in alien smuggling.
The White House said Thursday it was reviewing another unreleased report from the INS and the State Department raising the alarm about the increase in the traffic of human cargo and recommending a massive

Wednesday, U.S. officials reported a major breakthrough in the fight against

a major operation that smuggled thousands of Asian and Latin American immigrants

and foreign governments is actively pursuiog similar cases hut the INS report on smuggling warned that corruption abroad has bobbled crackdown efforts. Moscow has become a major transit buh

for illegal immigrants, with some 200,000 aliens awaiting departure at any given time. according to an account of the report in the Washington Post. Anti-immigrant seotiments bave been on

the rise in the United States and the Republican-led Congress is considering a restrictions on both legal and illegal immi-

The legislation calls for beefing up the nation's borders with 5,000 additional immigration officers over five years, and would make illegals ineligible for nearly all federal benefits, such as food and bousing

Last year, California passed a bill harring illegal aliens from receiving benefits and keeping their children out of public schools. A judge ruled that portions of

"Proposition 187" clashed with superceding federal laws but Republican Governor Pete Wilson has vowed to take the matter all the way to the Supreme Court. Gov. Wilson's support for the measure

had been a decisive factor in his 1994 reelection campaign and immigration is likely to take the front seat in next year's presidential election.

Arthur Helton with the Open Society Institute predicts that the dehate will cool after the vote. The immigration issue is driven by pres-

idential politics but it will recede from the national agenda and some more thoughtful policy can be implemented," said Mr. Helton.

He added, however, that immigration will continue to be a hot topic in the heavily impacted states such as California and

China lashes out at U.S., EU for protests over jailing of dissident

Italian supporters of the green Verdi party burn a poster of the French President Jacques Chirac in

BEIJING (AFP) — China "malicious moves" constilashed out Friday at the U.S. Congress and European Union (EU) for criticising its jailing of dissident Wei Jingsheng, warning that their "malicious" statements could harm hilateral rela-

front of the French embassy (AFP photo)

National People's Congress Standing Committee member and Foreign Affairs Committee Vice Chairman Zhou Jue said the Dec. 13 sentencing of Mr. Wei, 45, for trying to suhven the government "is purely an internal affair of China and is entirely justified" under the country's law.

China's best-known dissident lost his appeal Thursday against his 14year term, despite protests and appeals for clemency from western governments and buman rights groups.

"The unwarranted accusations and attacks made by some people in the U.S. Congress and the EU bave naturally aroused the utmost indignation and opposition of the Chinese people," said Mr. Zhou, adding that the tuted a serious interference in China's internal affairs.

"They violated international norms and will do harm to the healthy development of normal relations between nations," he added. indirectly accusing the U.S. Congress and EU of holding up Mr. Wei as a "human rights fighter" to further their "ulterior motives" of creating instability in

"Wei is a thoroughgoing, proven criminal offender, rather than an ideological or political criminal, still less a so-called 'human rights fighter'," Mr. Zhou said. adding that be had not only made speeches and plotted to subvert the government "but also indulged in concrete actions."

to upset China's current political stability and economic development, and thereby destroy the construction achievements and happy lives of the Chinese "It is not difficult for U.S.

to perceive the aims of some politicians in the United States and some other western countries who have held Wei up as a 'human rights fighter'," be added.

The Chinese people have a "sober perception" of their intention to interfere in other countries' internal affairs by supporting certain persons or forces, Mr. Zhou said, adding that "their schemes will never suc-

Mr. Wei, a 1995 Nobel Peace Prize nominee, was released from prison in September 1993 after serving all hut six months of a 15 year sentence for counter-revolutionary activities. He was rearrested six "What he wanted to do is months later and beld incommunicado before being formally charged in

November. Meamwhile, pro-democracy activists led by memhers of Hong Kong's people and finally push Legislative Council staged a them back into the abyss of protest here Thursday after

a Beijing court dismissed Mr. Wei's appeal against a 14-year jail sentence.

Prominent Democratic Party legislator Szeto Wah and other activists chanted slogans and held hanners condemning the rejection earlier of Mr. Wei's appeal by the Beijing Higher People's Court after only 10 minutes of deliberations.

The court simply confirmed the 14-year jail term for conspiring against the government imposed by the Intermediate People's Court on Dec.13,

Mr. Wei has no further right of appeal, although under Chinese law he could become eligible for parole after seven years.

On the eve of Mr. Wei's appeal, China published a government white paper on buman rights that laid unusual emphasis on the use of "counter-revolutionary"

The verdict came as China's endorsed a panel to set up Hong Kong's first government under Chinese rule.

Rebels threaten to kill one hostage a day unless ransom paid

(AFP) — Muslim rehels holding 14 people bostage in the Southern Philippines have threatened to kill ope captive a day starting Saturday unless a 1.5 million-peso (\$58,000) ransom is paid, officials said Friday.

global effort to stop it.

Of the 14 hostages, six are children, aged six to 12.

Mayor Sam Loco of Sebu Town, where the vacationers were abducted by the secessionist Abu Sayyaf Wednesday, said a Muslim negotiator had come down from the mountains where the captives are being held and relayed the threat.

He did not say whether the government would give in to the demands. Manila

COTABATO, Philippines has a policy of not paying gone to the area along with ransoms, but negotiators in previous abductions are known to have paid amounts to kidnappers for "board and lodging."

> Sebu Town police Chief Senior Inspector Jun Ilisan said 14 people were being held by members of the extremist group, correcting earlier reports by an army officer that only 10 people were being held hostage.

> Mr. Ilisan said 20 people, who were on an excursion, were originally seized by about 30 heavily armed men in Sebu, famous for its natural springs, but four were freed and two escaped.

The captives include members of the family of Rodilen Lacap, who had friends from the nearby city of General Santos.

Mr. Lacap's wife, Victoria, who was among those released, said the abductors were speaking a local Muslim dialect and were armed with assualt rifles and anu-tank weapons.

The Abu Sayyaf, known for their ruthlessness, plundered the largely Christian town of lpil in the south last April, razing homes and buildings and killing 53 people. The group has also been blamed for a spate of ransom kidnappings and anti-Christian bomb attacks in the south since 1992.

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Anglican Archbishop Desmond Tutu during his tour of flood-ravaged Edendale township greets relatives of those killed in a Christmas day cloudburst (AFP photo)

More bodies recovered from flooded S. African river

South Africa (AFP) -Overnight rains brought another 16 bodies to the surface of the Umsindusi River bere early Friday police said, bringing the official toll from a Christmas day flashflood to 140.

Police revised the death toll downwards from an earlier 150 after they found that a oumber of bodies they had couoted in the mortuaries earlier were oot those of flood victims.

More than 200 people were reported missing after the Umsindusi hurst its banks in a cloudburst Monday and raged through settlemeuts Edendale black township ou the edge of this Kwazulu-

Police spokesman Superintendent Henry Budhram Friday said police believed some of the missing persons had taken shelter in relief

Natal provincial capital.

camps set up in the city and had yet to be traced by their "We hope to account for all the missing persons by this weekend," Mr.

police would continue searching the river for more Health authorities, meanwhile, bave issued public warnings not to drink water

from the river, saying the

receding flood waters con-

Budhram said, adding that

tained a serious risk of cholera and typhoid. At the same time, relief

workers urged survivors of the flood not to rebuild ou the river's floodplain but rather to use serviced sites made available by the Pietermaritzburg city coun-

Scores of people Thurs-day alarmed officials by returning to the muddied banks of the river to begin reconstructing their shanties, using materials salvaged from the floodwaters.

One man, who was erecting a shanty on the site where his home stood before the flood, told reporters that he was aware of the dangers bot that he had no choice.

"I'm not a stupid man but I'm desperate," the man

Town clerk Ian Cross Said 1,500 people were being catered for at shelters by army, prisons and relief agencies personnel.

The area was visited Thursday by Anglican Archbishop Desmond Tutu, who consoled relatives of those killed in the Christmas day deluge and offered words of comfort to survivors.

Rev. Tutu also donated money, food and provisions ou behalf of the Anglican Church to the flood victims. Deputy President Thabo Mbeki, after a visit Wednesday to Edendale. declared it a national disaster area and announced government aid of one millioo rand (\$280,000).

American Airlines acknowledges pilot error may have been crash cause

WASHINGTON (AFP) - Pilots chatted about work and neglected landing procedures jost before their jet crashed in Colombia killing 160. CBS reported Thursday, as American Airlines said human error may have caused the disaster.

We are saddened that human error on the part of our people may have contributed to the accident," a statement by Americac Airlines Vice President C.D. Ewell said.

"The accideot reminds U.S. that aviation, while not inherently dangerous, is terribly unforgiving of any inattention to The jet that set out from Miami, Florida December 20 for

Cali, Colombia, with 164 people on board. Four people survived the mountainside crash CBS Television reported Thursday that flight recorder

data showed that nine seconds before impact, the pilots tried to bring the uose of the plane back up after the alarm went off signalling that it was flying too low. But the statement said the manoeover failed because the

wing flaps, which had been put into the descent position for landing, were locked into place and the pilots were unable to reverse them.

"The final 30 minotes of American Airlines flight 964's black hox recordings have been reviewed," the statement said. "There is no sign the pre-landing procedures list was

gone through. There is no sign the approach procedures list was gone through. There are oo signs of engine trouble on the plane's systems

There are no signs the aircraft was hit by any hostile external action." the statement added. "There are no signs that on-ground radio guidance systems were not in working

The flight recorder data show that just south of Tolua (a town near the crash site), as the descent continued, the crew selected ULQ (a flight guidance positioo code for Tolua) ... and the jet shifted to the left (eastward) for about 90 sec-

"During the shift, the crew was talking about gettiog back into a central line of approach and selecting a trajectory that would take it straight towards the Rozo radio coutrol tower. But "the flight recorder data showed that the desceot continued and the pilots automatic operation mode shifted to HDG-SEL (automatic course selector) after which the jet veered to the right (southwest), the last thing that appears on the flight recorder."

"The stick shaker alarm continued to go off during the manoeover to recover (altitude) to avoid ground impact. (but) the wing flaps remained locked in descent mode until the end of the recording."

22 more killed in S. Africa's Kwazulu-Natal province

Germany comes to Croatia's aid over

DURBAN, South Africa (AFP) - Another 22 people were killed in criminal and political violeoce in South Africa's troubled eastern province of Kwazuiu-Natal overnight, police said

Friday. The latest bloodletting briogs to more than 175 the oumber of people murdered in the province in the past two weeks, according to police statistics.

Police spokesman Superintendent Bala Naidoo said among the latest victims was a policeman who was killed in a shootout with a man arrested near port Shepstone, 110 kilome-

- Germany is scrambling

to downplay the potential

impact of a draft resolution

that would condemn Croatia

for buman rights abuses,

Germany already has suc-

ceded in putting off until

next week at the earliest any

possible Security Council

action oo the thorny topic

and was doing its utmost to

tone down the content of the

text being drawn up, council

Members have had since

diplomats said.

Ocean city. Mr. Naidoo said most of the other killings Thursday

tres south of this Indian

and early Friday, in various parts of the province, appear to be criminally-motivated. In the worst incident in the past week, 14 people were killed ou Christmas day when more than 600

Zulus, armed with spears, axes and guns, swept through Shoba Sbobane rural area near Port Shepstone, burning bouses and attacking residents.

Mr. Naidoo said Friday no arrests had yet been made in connection with the massacre but that police were making good progress io tracking down the killers. Commissioner Police

George Fivaz and Deputy President Thabo Mbeki Wednesday sent a team of investigators to probe the Christmas day killings and two other massacres near Port Shepstone.

About 150 extra police and troops have also beeu deployed in the area, police

Those responsible for the Shoba Shobane killings are believed to be supporters of the Zulo nationalist Inkatha Freedom Party (IFP), which is engaged in a bitter power of them io a clash between struggle with President two fending Zulo clans.

Nelsoo Mandela's African National Coogress (ANC). Feuding between the two sides has seeu more than 14,000 people killed iu Kwazulu-Natal io the past decade.

Violeuce monitors said this week that the Christmas period traditionally sees a sharp rise in violence in Kwazulu-Natal as migrant workers in mines and factories around Johanneshurg return home for the holi-

Tuesday, 15 more people were killed in two separate attacks in the province, 10 of them io a clash between

Dispute between Japan and S. Korea looms over tiny island

loomed between South Korea and Japan Friday over a tiny, but not-forgotten island when both countries said they might claim exclusivity over 321 kilometres of their coastal waters.

"Recently we received a report that Japan will siou stations showed old declare an exclusive economic zones (EEZ) immediately after its parliament into the Japan Sea, known

SEOUL (AFP) - A dispute ratifies the U.N.Convention here as the East Sea. of the Law of the Sea, a South Korean Foreign Ministry spokesman said

> "Following this report we have been giving intense consideration to declaring our own EEZ," the spokesman said as televifilm of navy patrol boats dropping Korean markers

China, the spokesman added, had also been prompted by Japan's move to consider a similar decla-

Should Japan and China both declare the 321-km EEZ, the dispute over Tok-Do (Lone Island) — known as Takesbirna — in Japan, in the Japan (eastern sea) is expected to be rekindled, Yonap news agency said.

Dispotes between China and Korea in the Yellow Sea over already thorny fishing rights problems would also be likely to flare, Yonap

members said. Only a couple of South Dec. 22 a report from U.N. Korean familes, who took Secretary General Bontros up residence in the 1980s, Ghali detailing a loog list of live on Tok-Do, which is lithuman rights violations tle more than a hleak twin committed during and after mountain peak. the Croatian army's retak-

charges of human rights abuses UNITED NATIONS (AFP) ing of Krajina, a region sep-aratist ethnic Serbs beld

> The report voices concern over subsequent lack of respect for Serbs' rights, as well as at the some 200,000 refugees sent fleeing and others who remained behind vulnerable to abuses.

until August.

Russia, which leads the Security Council until midnight Sunday, has tried to speed up discussion on the report in New York with the resolution condemning

Zagreb looming.
"All (council) members agree that there should be a reaction to this report," said Russian Ambassador Sergei Lavrov. But that will oot bappen until January, he

Members who took part in Thursday's consultations said Germany, an ally of Zagreb, has shown its preference for a simple council statement on Croatia. Last

week, the council condemned in a resolution the Bosnian Serbs for atrocities committed in July in the eastern euclave Srebrenica.

German envoy Antonius Eitel said rights violations in Croatia could not be put on a par with those in Bosnia.

In the report ou Croatia, the U.N. chief cited thousands of cases of arsoo and looting in Krajina, as well as arbitrary arrests, barass-

ment of Serbs and more than 150 suspicious deaths. It said many people had been shot in the head, including the elderly.

Mr. Lavrov said there were proposals on a resolution that would condemn Croatia, noting that "some members believe that there might be a (council) presidential statement," which packs less weight than a resolution.

The United States, as is Germany, is perceived as close to the Croats and has worked against any coudemnation of Zagreb that would entail U.N. sanc-

Zaire to start acting against extremists in Rwandan camps

GENEVA (AFP) — Zairean troops will begin acting in the next two mooths against Hutu extremists in the first Rwandan refugee camps scheduled for closure, a U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees official said Thursday.

The official said the camps held more than 200,000 refugees but asked for them oot to be identified in order not to jeopardise the operation.

The UNHCR estimates that a third of the camp residents would agree to go back to Rwanda and a third would be taken to other camps, while those who still refused to budge would be left to fend for themselves. A meeting would be held here in two months to eval-

uate the situation, the official said.

A Dec. 20 meeting of officials of Zaire, Rwanda and the UNHCR resulted in Kinshasa lifting its threat to expel hy force those refugees on Zairean soil who remained at the end of

would be encouraged in Burundi and Tanzania by particular by acting against Hutu extremists who were preventing the refugees from going home and grad-

ually closing the camps.
The refugees fled Rwanda in mid-1994 after massacres by Hotu militia of minority Tutsis and moderate Hutus were followed by the seizure of power by a Hutuled guerrilla movement, the Rwandan Patriotic Front

A UNHCR official also said that Rwanda had demanded that High Commissioner Sadako Ogata recall her special representative for Central Africa's great lakes region where more than two million Rwandans are still in exile.

A letter from Kigali seeking the recall of Carol Faubert was handed to Ms. Ogata by Rwanda's Minister For Rehabilitation Patrick Mazimhaka at the Dec. 20 meeting here.

The letter accused Mr. Faubert of hindering the repatriation of the refugees Instead voluntary returns from camps in Zaire,

displaying a negative and sometime aggressive attitude to Kigali's policy in this respect in his actions

and remarks. official The Rwanda's demand that Mr. Faubert be replaced by someone more amenable was rejected by the agency and negotiations were under way to maintain him in his post.

The UNHCR believes fear of reprisals by the new Tutsi authorities when they return is proving a major deterrent to the refugees. Many of those who have already gone back have been denounced as responsible for atrocities and thrown into overcrowded jails to await trial by a judicial system that has virtual-

ly collapsed. The FPR government has recently expelled dozens of international humanitarian organisations and only grudgingly accepted the extension of the mandate of the U.N. aid mission in Rwanda to the end of March.

Yeltsin back in Kremlin after heart trouble more than two months ago

MOSCOW (R) — Russian President Boris Yeltsin returned to the Kremlin Friday for the first time since suffering acute heart trouble more than two months ago and recorded a tral Moscow after arriving

oew year's address to the nation.

The presidential press service said Mr. Yeltsin, 64, strolled through the grounds of his headquarters in cen-

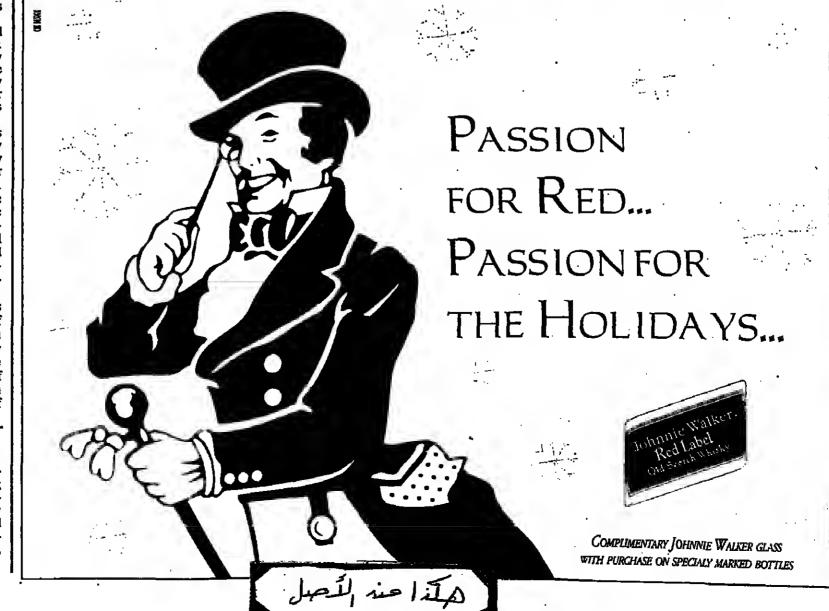
from a country residence at Barvikha, in a secluded wooded area just west of the capital.

"He is oow in the studio

message," the press service

Interfax news agency said Mr. Yeltsin chatted with tourists and Moscovites in the Kremlin grounds, but it recording the new year's gave no details.

Earlier, ITAR-TASS news agency said he planned to return to the Kremlin to record the new year's address, which is due to be broadcast Sunday.



Chun put on oxygen after losing consciousness

intravenously Friday after losing consciousness oo the hospital authorities said.

SEOUL (AFP) — Jailed He lamented his failure to former South Korean be able to continue his fast ous coudition this morning President Chun Doo-Hwan to Sunday — the end of the as a result of severe dehywas put ou oxygen and fed year - blaming it on severe dration. We immediately diarrhoea he developed after drinking rice-washed 27th day of a hunger strike, water in a hid to endure as venously," Lee Kwoo-Juu, long as possible, they said. a senior doctor said.

put him on oxygen and started feeding him intra-

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Healthy precedent

REGARDLESS OF the results that the Consumer Protection Society (CPS) will achieve in its campaign to bring down the prices of coffee, it has set a precedent that will bode extremely well for society and

The CPS launched the campaign to boycott coffee after merchants refused to lower its prices to a level that would correspond with the price of the commodity in the international market. The merchants might or might not heed the demands, depending on the response the campaign would receive from Jordanian consumers. So far, the consumers have responded positively and some merchants are complaining from low

But the campaign would be a success event if it stops at this point. Its success should not be measured solely by the results it will achieve. The significance of the Consumer Protection Society's action lies in the clear message it sends about the growth of civic societies in Jordan. What the campaign bespeaks is that the Jordanian civic society has reached a stage of maturity with which comes teeth that can bite those who disregard the interests of society and the needs of its members. As such, the campaign to boycott coffee should be supported by all groups and individuals who are concerned with the development of Jordan and its civic institu-

The other issue that the campaign highlighted is the role of the government in the economy. The call for boycotting coffee was launched after the Ministry of Supply failed to force the merchants to hring down the prices of coffee. Some might argue that the government should not be expected to play this role. A sound argument, but only if the government and its regulations have not contributed to providing merchants with the ability to force their prices on consumers.

The coffee merchants form a cartel with a monopoly on the market. As such, they can manipulate the prices to their benefits with no fear of competition from other suppliers. If the government does not want to protect the consumers through its regulations, it should empower the consumers with the abilities to stand up for their rights on their own. That can only be done through ending all sorts of monopolies and creating a true free market which everybody with the ability to provide a commodity at a better price can

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RAT ARABIC daily commented on the Israeli withdrawal from the occupied West Bank towns, describing the event as marking the end of a hlack era in the history of the Palestinian people. The withdrawal also means the start of a new era of Palestinian endeavours, as well as hard work, including the election of a legislative assembly and a president on the one hand, and the building of the essential infrastructure for the future Palestinian institutions on the other, said the paper. The withdrawals marked the first and initial stage of the establishment of the independent Palestinian state; but for that to bappen, the Palestinian people have to pursue the struggle not in the form of stone throwing or firing on the Israelis but through continuing negotiations aimed at retrieving all the usurped rights and lands and embarking on the construction work, said the daily. Perhaps, said the daily the coming elections scheduled for Jan. 20 will give indications as to where the Palestinians are heading because these elections will show whether or not democracy and political pluralism will reign and offer the people of Palestine the chance to attain the objectives for which they had worked so hard.

MOHAMMAD SUBEIHI, a writer in Al Dustour, expressed belief that the Iraqi question could soon be solved inrough a formula provided by the Arah countries which will put an end to any lingering Iranian ambitious aims and interferences in Iraq's internal affairs' saying that Egypt and Syria had held a summit meeting earlier this week declaring at the end that their views are similar on Iraq's future, the writer said that an Egyptian-Jordanian summit followed with similar results. This means, said the writer, that Syria and Jordan hold similar views about Iraq and that Egypt, Syria and Jordan believe that the Arah World must take the initiative to safeguard Iraq's sovereignty and territorial integrity and help end the sufferings of the Iraqi

Jordanian Perspective

By Dr. Musa Keilani

A successful summit

IRAQ AND Syria were the main topics of the Aqaha meeting between His Majesty King Hussein and Egyptian President Hosni Muharak few days ago. Some other issues were discussed as well, including security and terrorism.

The significance of the Dec. 26 meeting in Aqaba is that it reflected the regional role that Jordan is leading in the area. It was a happy surprise to all of those who were in Aqaba to hear President Muharak say that his stand on Iraq is identical with the King's views. The King made it clear that Iraq at the moment suffers from a de facto partition, practised on the ground hut not officially recognised. Baghdad has its authority on central Iraq and extends to the Mosul in the north and Souq Al Shiouki, and Hilla in the south. Even the recent presidential referendum did not have the Shute southerners or the Kurdish northerners participating in that referendum, which resulted in 98 per cent support for the Iraqi president, Saddam Hussein.

The 32 parallel and 38 parallel are not only no-fly zones imposed by the Security Council. They have become a de facto partition of Iraq into three geographical semiautonomous entities. Jordan's stand has been misinterpreted by Mr. Mubarak four months ago when Brigadier

General Hussein Kamel arrived in Amman. Egyptian feelers among the Iraqi opposition reported back to Cairo that the opposition conference will take place during January and support for it is reverberating from

Tehran to Damascus and to Riyadh.

That was an analytical view of why President Mubarak came to Aqaba to confer with King Hussein about the Iraqi

situation and how Egypt can stop its futile efforts regarding change in Iraq.

As for the discussions on Syria, the King was also open in his stand. Jordan will never be a card in Syrian or anybody else's hands. Jordan, immediately following the Madrid conference in October 1992, extended all goodwill to the Syrians. The Jordanian delegation coordinated with his Syrian counterpart regarding the finest details of negotiating tactics and strategy.

It was only when Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa wanted Jordan to tail behind them that coordination stopped and Jordan then-minister of state for foreign affairs, Talal Sataan Al Hassan, came back from Lebanon to report that Syria was trying to impose its hegemony on Jordanians and Palestinians.

The King was referring to this Syrian self-assumed leading role when he repeated in Agaba what he conveyed to President Hafez Al Assad three years ago that Jordan could not afford to be more patient regarding the negotiation track and Syria could easily afford all manifestations of delaying tactics with the Israelis since it did not have its own people under occupation and did not have its own water resources in jeopardy, which is Jordan's case. Therefore, Jordan has to make sure that total success will meet the Jordanian-Israeli track and as soon as circumstances allow and permit.

To sum up, we can say that the Agaba summit was more of a success since it managed to overcome the strained relations between the two countries.

Moreover, it signalled that a new page in Arab-Arab coordination on Iraq will :- : open.

Algeria's socialists ponder poll setback

By Catherine Simon

THE BIG losers in the Nov. 16 Algerian presidential election were the modernist parties, in particular Hocine Ait Ahmed's Socialist Forces Front (FFS) which called for a boycott. Now they are wondering whether they will be able "to bounce back in time," as one of their activists said, or are to be condemned to a long exile in the political

The fate of those who urged a boycott, the FFS in particular, was sealed by the high voter turnout. This is now giving rise to discussions inside the party. 'The emptychair policy in the end always backfires on those who advocate it," noted an FFS member who disagreed with his party's decision

Another said: "By not running in the presidential election, FFS general secretary Hocine Ait Ahmed passed np a unique opportunity." In his view, if the FFS had called on the political groups that took agreement — especially the National Liberation Front (FLN) and the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) — to support its candidates, it would have "given itself the means to test the sincerity of the Islamists' commitment to democracy and to cut short the FLN's ambiguities.

There is bitterness over

what some FFS members see FFS will soon be an empty as a "terrible waste." They say things started to go wrong from the moment the Rome agreement was signed. One member claimed that by signing it "we gave the FIS and the FLN a democratic cover. But we failed to go any further. We have given a lot and got nothing in return. When the government rejected the offer of peace, we should have drawn our conclusion from it. Instead of becoming uptight and digging in our heels, we should have opened up, sounded out the government's more 'enlightened' members and, in particular, worked on the modernists."

Did that mean going in with the Culture and Demo-cracy Rally (RCD) of Ait Ahmed's Kabylie rival, Said Sadi? 'The quarrels of zaims (leaders) don't prevent the rank and file from campaigning together. Anyway, there's not only the RCD and the Kahyhes. Labour union members, and women's and young men's associations are

Unhappy with the line the FFS was taking, several of its officials moved away from it as early as last spring, some of them resigning and others suspending participation in party activities. "At the rate things are going," said one member with a sigh, "the shell with Ait Ahmed's name writ large over the entrance." The stormy debates at the FFS national council meeting

in early November testified

to the prevailing mood of Though they are anxious to resolve the crisis, the party's apprentice dissidents are ing careful. Those who speak out do so only on condition that they are not

identified. However, even the most scathing critics say that a putsch is far from their thoughts. Although they complain about their leaders' far from democratic ways and accuse them of forcing their choices on members, they hope to be able to thrash everything out, but strictly within the party in congress.

Is this whiff of rebellion the beginning of a decline or a sign of greater maturity? The history of the FFS, which was founded 30 years ago, suggests the latter. The disciamong critics, points towards the latter. But if there is to be a resolution, it will be a long and painful process. Recent statements hy the party's national secretary for emigration, Farid Aissani, saying that the Nov. 16 election "reinforces the FFS in its approach." bode ill for a readiness to accept criticism.

Algeria's modernist movement, still in its infancy and divided, is having a hard time asserting itself on the national scene. Sadi's low poll less than 10 per cent of the vote - testifies to the difficulties. At least it will have belped him to put down his marker for the future and will allow the RCD to remain "visible."

There remains the question of voter motivation. A 'district-by-district analysis of the results shows the vote's regionalist character. "Ethnic" preferences prevailed over "democratie" ones. Those who voted RCD, even in Algiers, were for the most part Kabylies.

It was primarily commun-ity solidarity that operated in the Kabylie, the stronghold of the FFS and the cradle of the RCD. The 'Arabs" did the same in voting for Liamine Zeroual, who is from Batna in the east, and Mahfoud Nahnah, a native of Bilda. But hy casting their ballots, they seized this totalallowed them to exercise their civic rights.

"Here in Algeria we're barely starting our appren-ticeship in politics," said a veteran political activist. "Tomorrow, perhaps, we'll get round to democracy."

Political uncertainty stalks post-election Turkey

By Aliza Marcus

ISTANBUL - The lack of a clear victor in Turkey's general elections could himder tally needed reforms unless parties put aside their differences and form a strong coalition to end the political uncertainty.

The narrow win in Sunday's general elections by the Islamist Welfare Party (RP) shocked the conservative and social democratic parties, which have halked at forming a coalition with the religion-based party.

Most analysts say a conservative-led coalition backed by the Left is the only way out for a country grappling with high inflation, yawning deficits and high debt.

Turkey has been rudderless since Prime Minister Tansu Ciller's shaky coalition with the Social Democrats collapsed in September. A minority government she subsequently set up lasted less than two

The RP won 21.32 per cent at Sunday's vote. closely followed by Mr. Ciller's True Path Party (DYP) and its conservative rival Motherland Party (ANAP) which together won about 40 per cent.

The conservatives' attempts to negotiate an anti-Islamist alliance,

announced at a joint news conference on Tuesday hy a smiling Mr. Ciller and ANAP leader Mesut Yil-

maz, may not be easy. Mr. Yilmaz and Mr. Ciller are bitter rivals whose personal animosity came to a head during ngly ex-changes in the election

campaign.
The fear is that Turkey may be heading for a suc-cession of unstable governments such as those in the 1970s, when there were eight minority or coalition governments in seven

The constant power changes hampered government action and were one of the pretexts for a 1980 military coup.

Two left-wing parties which rarely see eye-10-eye with the conservatives are the key to any anti-Islamist alliance.

The DYP's four-year coalition with the social democrats fell apart because of disagreement over the pace and nature of promised economic and social reform.

Above the fray, RP's leader Necmettin Erbakan has struck a conciliatory stance, promising to re-spect Turkey's fundamental principles and calling on the other parties to rule with him.

We have no interest in changing the constitution,"

said Mr. Erbakan in a news conference on Tnesday, referring to fears RP wants to institute Islamic law.

And in a statement that may partly explain the Islamists' attraction he said: "RP wants to work for the state and the state exists to help people, to build hospitals, roads." Since the vote, political columnists have told read-

ers that nearly 80 per cent of those who voted did not hack the Islamists although 99 per cent of Turkey's 60 million people are Mushin.

Although no studies have been done of who voted for RP and wby, many people interviewed in the week before the elections said they were fed up with the hickering among parties which traditionally ruled Turkey and had lost faith in their ability to deal with the country's ills.

Political analysts say the problems facing Turkey need immediate attention. These include an annual inflation rate of more than 80 per cent and a stumbling privatisation programme.

"The problem is no longer identifying the problem, the problem is to take action." said Umit Firat. the founding member of a small liberal party which did not make it to parlia-

Despite some changes,

many democratic reforms promised by Ms. Ciller's coalition never came abont. Limits on workers' rights and freedom of expression stayed on the books.

All-out military attack on Kurdistan Workers Party (PKK) has quietened cities in the mainly Kurdish southeast, but the region is by no means fully under control.

The failure of the Kurdish party HADEP and a far right party to pass the 10 per cent threshold to qualify for seats means their voice will go unheard.

Kurdish activists say that even without HADEP in parliament, the new government could take up the party's demands, such as a negotiated settlement to the rebel war and lifting bans on Kurdish cultural and political identity.

But the danger is that

with HADEP locked out despite getting up to 60 per cent of the vote in some areas of the sontheast, more Kurds may lose faith in the political system, giv-ing a boost to the PKK's 11-year rebel war in which more than 18,000 have

been killed. "By blocking HADEP, it makes people leave the legal, political field and turn to violence," said Ahmet Turk, a HADEP candiTHE WEEK IN PRINT

Region edges closer towards comprehensive peace

Reviewed by Elia Nasrallah

THE RESUMPTION of see the Palestinian flags the Syrian-Israeli negotiations and the latest developments in the occupied Palestinian lands were among the main topics addressed by the local press last week.

Statements by Israeli and Syrian officials at the start of the American-sponsored negotiations near Washington indicate that the two sides are not only optimistic about the results but that they are also determined to achieve a lasting settlement for the Syrian-Israeli conflict that lasted for decades, according to Al Ra'l daily. Encouraged by the Arab Gulf states' support for its renewed endeavour to reach a settlement with Israel, Syria is moving fast on the negotiations which are assuming an unprecedented seriousness between Tel Aviv and Damaseus since the Madrid conference of 1991, said the daily.

For its part, Al Dustou

daily referred to Syrian press commentaries which, it said, bave lately been focused on the negotiations, welcoming the American-sponsored talks and voicing hope that they will yield very fruitful results. The daily said that Israeli as well as Syrian officials have been expressing optimism over a speedy solution, especially following the assassination of the late Israeh Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin that cost the opposition parties in Israel much of their credibility and strengthened the Labour-led Israeli government's stand vis-a-vis the peace process.

Despite the secrecy shronding the Israeli-Syrian talks that resumed in the United States, expectations are that the two sides are fast approaching a settlement, according to Mohammad Kharrouh, a writer in Al Ra'i daily. Syria seems to have been reassured by the American and Israeli governments that the withdrawal from the Golan will take place, while the Israelis seem to have secured guarantees from Washington ahont Syria's favourable response to signing a peace treaty according to the writer.

Enhancing the feeling of optimism about an imminent settlement, said the writer, was an announce-ment by the U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher about his intention to conduct shuttle diplomacy between Damascus and Tel Aviv in the coming month to overcome any outstanding obstacles in the way of peace.

Hisham Uzeizat, a writer in Al Dustour, said that the Syrian media has paved the ound for the Syrian public to accept the coming peace with Israel hy publishing Israeli government statements about Tel Aviv's retreat from its adamant stand vis-a-vis the Golan and by declaring that a peace accord would secure the return of the usurped Syrian territory. The writer said that the Syrian media, which had earlier reported details of the Jordan-Israel peace treaty and the Palestine Israeb Oslo deals and has not objected to Israeli overtures relations with Arah countries, including Morocco and the Gulf states, has indeed been preparing the Syrian public to accept the coming peace between Israel and Syrla.

Commenting on the Israeli withdrawal from the Palestinian towns, a writer in Al Dustour said that Christmas celebrations in Bethlehem and the Palestinian lands this year had a different taste since they took place under Arah sovereignty. Saleh Qallah said that for the first time since 1967 the Arah population - Muslims and Christians alike - celehrated Christmas with genuine joy because for the first time in decades they

rise high and without any fear on Arah territory. For the first time in 28 years, added the writer, the Palestinians are experiencing the taste of freedom without which life is meaningless.

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Tareq Masarweh urged ail Palestinian opposition groups and factions to take part in the coming legislative elections scheduled for Jan. 20. The columnist in Al Ra'i daily said that hoycotting the elections does not favour these groups' position, adding that on the contrary the elections offer everyone a precious opportunity to voice his or her views regarding the shape of government they want. By hoycotting the elections. the opposition would remain alienated from the public and their views would remain in the dark. He said taking part in the elections is a contribution to serving the interests of the Palestinian people and an exercise of democracy free of Israeli domination.

Ali Safadi, a writer in Al Dustour, hailed a move by wealthy Palestinians living ahroad to purchase the Israeli settlements that have been huilt close to or within the perimeteres of the Arah towns and villages in Palestine. Describing this move as a demonstration of true patriotism, the writer said that huying these settlements means helping to erase Jewish presence from the midst of the Arab areas in Palestine and is considered as a strong support for the authorities in their on-going negotia-tions with the Israelis over a lasting settlement.

Commenting on a semi-

nar held recently at the University of Jordan to discuss the work of the media in Jordan, a writer in Al Ra'i daily said that it is dan Press Association failing to handle its role and leaving the door open to government's attempts to impose a stricter press and publications law on the press. Oraih Rintawi said that the journalists who have pledged before His Majesty the King to deal with any excesses and violations and contain problems that plagued relations between the government and the media in the past have failed to date to find the proper mechanism to deal with this issue. The writer said that the problems involving the press that surfaced recently do not justify the enactment of new legislation that would further limit the freedom of the press. She said that the question of controlling excesses and violations on the part of journalists should be left totally to the press

association to bandle. Lauding the efforts of the Jordanian Consumers Protection Society for its role in rallying the public against coffee merchants. Mobammad Kawash said that the public is showing real response to such move in order to help bring down the excessive coffee prices. The columnist, who writes for Al Dustour, said the public looks with hope to this society to lead the campaign against other merchants who monopolise basic commodities and help

bring their prices down. A writer in Al Ra'i called on the public Security Department to control what he called irresponsible practice on the part of certain rent-a-car offices which allow reckless youths to rent cars and endanger the lives of people hy irresponsible driving Samir Hiyari said that for an exchange of a few dinars, the car rental offices are allowing youth people to rent cars and drive recklessly close to girls schools, universities and in side streets. Citing a number of horrible accidents, the writer said this irresponsible action should be checked.

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The central unclined of the welfare states: How to scale back How to scale back By Robert J. Samtuelson WASHINGTON — There is so much scripted melodrama in the Washington budget struggle that the larger issues get lost. But anyone who doubts that there Washington — There is so much scripted melodrama in the Washington budget struggle that the larger issues get lost. But anyone who doubts that there

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where angry unions shut down basic public srevices in response to the government's efforts to cut its budget deficit. Paris and Washington are grappling with the cen-tral dilemma of the modern welfare state: how to scale back popular benefits that

no longer can be afforded. The difference with Paris is that in Washington the resistance to change is led by the president. Bill Clinton plays the role that the unions play in France. He has sought to make changes harder, perhaps impossi-ble, by denouncing those who propose them as cruel. He provoked both government "sbutdowns" dramatise his case. The shutdowns have been political props to cast the Re-

publicans as irresponsible. But the message from Paris is that if changes are delayed for too long, they ultimately trigger social turnoil. And change is inevitable, because the welfare state - a term that Americans dislike but that describes U.S. sncial spending almost as much as Enrope's - is overex-

It aimed to make capitalism compassionate. Governments everywhere created benefits for the old, the unemployed and the poor. Rules were devised to raise wages and improve joh security and working conditions.

To say that all these benefits can no longer be afforded means that they have hit two limits. The first is political. Although benefits are popular voters will not support them with higher taxes.

Almost all industrial countries run budget deficits. In many countries. tax burdens have reached the point of diminishing returns. That is, higher taxes cause more tax evasion. The wealthy shift funds to tax havens. The less wealthy resort to the "underground economy" (informal transactions that are not taxed).

Economics imposes the second limit. At some point, big government punitive taxe wasteful spending and rigid regulation — undermines economic growth and job creation.

America may not have reached this point, hnt most European countries have. In 1995, U.S. government spending totals 34 per cent of gross domestic product. By contrast, it is 50 per cent in Germany, 54 per cent in France.

Pressures on the welfare

state will intensify everywhere for the same reason: aging populations. In most countries, the lion's share of social spending goes to the elderly. Longer life spans, post-war hahy booms and modern medicine combine to create a growing economic burden. As projected by the OECD, the number of potential workers per re-tiree in the United States is A CONTROL OF THE CONT 4.7 in 1995 and will be 3.3 in 2005. For France the corresponding numbers are

2.8 and I.7. For Japan, 2.8

and 2.I. For Germany, 3.1

nefits, raising retirement ages or both.

The welfare state's ultimate horror is a suicidal spiral. The econmy sputters, making it harder for governments to pay benefits, but efforts to revive the economy by curbing benefits founder on popular resistance. Enrope is already caught in this spir-

In 1973. France's unemployment rate was less than 3 per cent; now it is I1.5 per cent. For the entire European Union, unemployment averages almost 11 per cent. The welfare state did not cause all this extra johlessness, but it caused a lot. Still, it is hard to change,

as France's strikes attest. In fact, the proposed changes are not that harsh. Family allowances (pay-ments for children) would be frozen for a year and then be subject to taxes. Open-ended reimbursement for health costs, which leads to the overuse of drugs and of doctors, would he ebecked hy spending limits. A modest income tax surcharge (0.5 per cent of income) would be imposed to retire the social security system's debt. But the system's main features would remain.

It is equally true that Congress's budget changes would not destroy America's welfare state. Some programme for the poor (Aid to Families with Dependent Children, Medicaid) would he largely shifted to states through block grants. The growth of Medicare for the elderly would be slowed slightly. There is room to argue about these changes. They may weaken the social safety net, but it is inaccurate

to say that they discard it. To vilify Republicans, Mr. Clinton has said precisely that. Nor has be yet bargained in good faith, as he repeatedly said he would, to reach a balanced budget. In mid-November, be and congressional leaders agreed to reach a balance in seven years using economic assumptions of the Congressional Budget Office. Despite his pledge, Mr. Clinton has not said latest plan fell \$70 billion to \$90 billion short of balance

in 2002. As in France, the politics pit present against future voters. Mr. Clinton has positioned himself, as the

protector of the present. The real question is not whether the welfare state survives. It will. Hardly anyone wants to revert to unfettered capitalism. The real question is whether it can gradually rein in its overcommitments - or whether it will do so convulsively as the result of

crisis. The case for anticipating crisis is never easy. Everyone can see who loses by planned change; no one can see precisely who wins by avoided crisis. But doing nothing won't work. The sooner Americans start, the easier it will be. The United States is not yet in Europe's fix, hut if it waits long enough it could be.

The Washington Post.

Four die in Israeli raid

(Continued from page 1)

area since 1985 to curb guerrilla raids. Part of it overlaps ingratitude for the aid nffered the sector policed by the-5,200-strong U.N. interim force in Lebanon.

President Elias Hrawi indicated Friday that the government would deploy Lebanon's 50,000-man army to stop guerrilla attack if the Israelis withdraw under a peace agreement.

"Our independence will not be complete without the liberation" of the region, he told reporters in Beirut. President Hrawi said only Lebanese troops would deploy along the border with

"Rest assured, there will only be the Lebanese army in the southern part of the country once peace is estab-lished," Mr. Hrawi told reporters.

"It is in no way a sign of by our sister Syrian army to Lebanon during the difficult times it has passed," said the president.

But this great responsibility will he that of the Lebanese army, which is currently preparing to assume this role," he said.

Israel has proposed in the run-np to renewed peace talks with Syria this week in the United States that Damascus maintain its sizable influence nver Lebanon's internal affairs to maintain stability on the Lebanese side of the border with Israel.

Syria already has 40,000 troops stationed in Lebanon, and Israel has established a self-declared "security zone" in southern Lebanon to protect its northern horder.



AWAITING AN END TO THE SUFFERING: An Afghan family escapes the fighting in Kabul (AFP photo)

After years of war, some Afghans seek a royal solution

By Ian Stewart The Associated Press

KHYBER PASS, Pakistan - All the king's men can't pnt Afgbanistan hack together again. Or can they?

It might seem farfetched: An octogenarian monarch, exiled from his country for 22 years, re-turning to end a bitter civil war among Islamic groups. For a small, but growing

band of followers, though, King Zahir Shah's often promised return to Afghanistan isn't absurd, it's their country's only hope. Afghanistan is in desperate straits. Once a cold war front line, it was occupied by a Soviet army that bat-

tled Afghan gnerrillas through the 1980s in an effort to prop up a weak communist regime. The insurgency that forced the Soviet to pull out and then onsted the Marxist

regime in April 1992 left the

country in ruins. It also

spawned a war among rival guerrilla groups that still rages — 16 years after the first Soviet soldiers marched into Afghanistan on Dec. 24, 1979.

The years of hardship and bloodshed bave at least some Afghans longing for the political stability and relative prosperity of the King's 40-year reign. The King, Zahir Shah, is a symbol. He is from a

time when Afghanistan was strong. The people will re-member that," said Shahza-da Khan, a royalist interviewed in Pakistan's frontier region, where hundreds of thousands of Afghans

have sought refuge. But Afghanistan is a different place. Power no longer flows from a constitutionally based monarchy but from the guns supporting factional leaders who do not want to cede power to anyone, let alone an 81-year-old king forced to flee

two decades ago. The king antagonised many conservative Muslims during his reign hy expand-ing women's rights and opportunities and by arresting ultraconservative Isla-mic leaders he viewed as a threat to modernisation and

political stability. How then would the king and his men persuade the warring factions to lay down their arms --- a feat that has eluded the United Nations, the Organisation of Islamic Conference and

dozens of countries and negotiators? With charisma, his supporters say.

During his rule, the king reined in Afghanistan's rancorous tribes and prevailed over 40 years of peace - a rare stretch of tranquility for a nation prone to blood feuds, foreign invasions and

coups.

"The king kept this wild country under control for all his years," said Farooq Haqbeen, a monarchist living in Pakistan. "The people remember. They will histen to him. He can stop

The king's success came from his ability to win popular support from the public in all parts of the country, said Ishaq Gailani, a confidente and relative of

the royal family.
"All the peace-inving people are scattered and separated by war. The king is the man who can bring them together. He can do this," Mr. Gailani said.

Indeed, the king seems to be popular with many of the more than 1.6 million Afghans refugees living in Pakistan near the border with their battered country.

"If Zahir Shah is the head of a temporary gov-ernment, he can hold legiti-mate elections," said Abdul Rashid, a refugee from Kabul. "He will provide a strong and stable government, not a puppet reg-

Even the United Nations has given some thought to a role for the king. U.N. enwith the king's aides at the

Rome early in 1995. And in Jaly, the King's son-in-law, Abdul Wali, travelled to Pakistan where he met with U.N. officials.

"We would never rule

out something that could.

bring an end to the fighting in Afghanistan," said Mr. Mestiri's seninr aide, Abu Nafiza. But there are problems,

the royalists concede.
"There are enemies,"

Mr. Haqbeen said.
In early December, unidentified gunmen killed two of the king's relatives who were working at an Afghan refugee camp in northwestern Pakistan, Several weeks earlier, after a flurry of news coverage on the king's possible return, two royalists living in Pakistan were slain.

In all, more than 600 Afghan royalists have been killed in Pakistan since the king was forced out of power by leftists in 1973. Afghanistan's nominal

president, Burhanuddin

Rahbani, a religious scholar thought to have close ties to Russia and Iran, doesn't want the king back. He says it would only complicate an already impossible situa-

Leaders of the Taliban militia - which was formed by religious students and is perhaps the strongest of Afghanistan's 11 factions are adamant in opposing the king regaining the

Zahir Shah will have no place in our Afghanistan," said Noor Mnhammad Saqib, a senior Taliban religious leader.

Holding up a hand to stop the translator, Mr. Saaib leaned forward on his knees and in carefully pronounced English called the king "infidel."

"If be remms to Afghamistan there will be fighting and disturbances that will go heyond anything we have seen," Mr. Saqih said. "His return is out of the

Letter from Tehran

'This is a free country'

By Karen Dabrowska

ALI FINISHES every sentence with "What do you think? This is a free country!" He talks with a confident pride ahnnt the achievements of Iran's revolution. "Of course there were inistakes in the beginning. But we learned from them. We learned how to deal with the East and the West from the eight-year war with Iraq. Iran will never take part in another war. We have learned how to be self-sufficient, bow to produce our own cars. We don't have to rely on anyone, we can develop our own industry." Ali insists that Iran is a "modern" country. A walk down any of Tehran's streets seems to support his view. New highrise buildings have replaced the mure traditional architecture. Namerons construction projects are in evidence and there is no sign of the damage from the "war of the cities" when the Iraqis attacked Tehran with Russian and Korean Scud

America may be insisting

on sanctions against Iran. But the Iranians don't really care. They carry on with life and make the best of their misfortunes. Apart from the elegantly tiled 'Down with America" mosaic on the wall of the coffee shop, the Intercon-tinental Hotel dnes its Western tradition proud.

There is no shortage of computers, fax machines, elegant Western-style clothes and such luxuries as perfumes and make-np. The Iranians are building a bridge between East and West, trying to take the best of what both worlds have to offer, while insist-ing on the uniquely Islamic flavour of their society. They love their carpets. handicrafts, jewellery, miniature paintings and silverware. And they love their mobile phones, Mercedes cars, satellite TV (illegal but tolerated) and Pizza Express.

"We bave our own traditions," Ali insists. "Farsi Cola bas replaced Coca Cola. We respect our Isla-mic heritage. Women wear the hijab as a sign of re-spect. But they don't have to overdo it. They also wear makeup, they show their hair. "This is too much," Ali quips as he sees a woman wearing a chador. "And this is not enough," he complains at the sight of a loosely buttoned jacket and a multi-coloured scarf.

Ali studied in the West. He was in London at the time of the revolution and came back during university holidays to take part in the anti-American demonstrations. Today he combines a morning job as a business consultant with an after-noon job in an importexport company. His tradi-tionally furnished home in north Tehran is much too big for his wife and two small children. He is proud his wife doesn't have to work. He is proud his children play computer games and study calligraphy. And he makes sure he prays five times a day.

Mohammad flicks his tie defiantly. "I don't work for anyone, I am not with anyone and no one tells me

how to dress. He rejects the Islamic dress code and uses his suit and tie, which the authorities regard as an undesirable Western trend, as a symbol of defiance. For him things were good under the shah. The revolution has taken the country into the past. It is behind the West "by at least 50 years" when it should by now be an industrial power rivalling Japan.

Like a good economist, he compares conditions in Iran in 1975, four years before the revolution, with those in 1995. In 1975 there were 30 million people in Iran, today there are 60 million. Oil exports were 6.5m barrels per day com-pared with 2.8m bpd, then the price was \$25 per harrel compared with \$15 now. The shah's government had foreign exchange reserves of \$30bn whereas the revolutinnary government is \$30bn in debt. Iran, once the fifth largest conventional military power in the world, is now having to rebuild its army after an eight-year war with Iraq and the salaries of civil servants have plunged from \$700 a month to \$100.

Mnbammad has little

time for "government by mullahs." He is angry the

ministry of religious gui-dance would not accept him as an MP. He is adamant he is not a Muslim and be only read the Kuran so that he could argue against it. After serving coffee, with brandy, in his impeccably furnished public relations office where the women are not obliged to wear the hijab, he finishes his introduction to Iran with the story of the medieval Italian mystic Girolamo Savonarola. After ridding the Dominican order of scandalous corruption, Savonarola became a political reformer and supervised the formation of a government in which the people were to fear God. amend their conduct and prefer public to private interests. Bnt Savnnarola came unstuck when bis nrder did not allow him to bear the crucifix through the flames during a trial by fire which was supposed to

test his Christian credentials. The citizens of Florence were infuriated, called Savonarola an impostnr and, after an unfair heresy trial, condemned him to death and hanged him. Mohammad compares Savnnarnia tn Imam Khomeini. "The problem with the Iranians was they didn't get rid nf Khomeini and his puritanical Islamic government has strengthened its bold on the coun-

Both Mohammad and Ali love Iran and are determined to make visitors feel welcome. One insists that the government and the people are one, while the other insists that a distinction must be made between the Iranian people and their government. But they both agree that Iran has to be judged on the facts and not on the hlack propaganda which portrays it as a horrendous fanatical state dragged into the seventh century by a conservative religinus elite.

Middle East Internacional

Syria, Israel end talks on positive note

(Continued from page I)

strategic stake. The time has come to use it as a trade to obtain a true peace which guarantees Israel's security,"

All prior peace talks between the two nations have stumbled over Israel's withdrawal from the Golan Heights, a strategic plateau that Israel seized from Syria in the 1967 Mideast war. This round of discussions

Golan for historic reasons hut follows a six-month hreak. because the plateau is a after an impasse over the question of an eventual Israeli withdrawal from the piateau.

An Israeli spokesman, Jidi Baltansky, said the talks were expected to conclude as scheduled after hunch Friday. A week-long break will follow before negotiations re-

sume in early January, after which Secretary of State Warren Christopher is to make a return trip to the

Middle East with stops in Jerusalem and Damascus. The assassination last

month of Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin by a Jewish extremist opposed to peace with Arabs appears to have created a new climate of compromise.

Mr. Rabin's successor, Shimon Peres, has taken a diferent approach grounded in the notion that rather than security providing peace, peace will ensure security. "I would rather have 100,000 tourists than 10,000 troops" determining Israel's relations with Syria, Mr. Peres said recently. Aides say Mr. Peres is pre-

pared to give ap groundbased early warning stations in the Golan Heights, a demand that stymied previous peace talks. Israel is also reportedly

studying, with the United States, a range of alternatives, such as observation balloons on the border or U.S. spy planes. Mr. Baltansky said a joint

statement after this round of

talks was unlikely, although State Department officials refused to rule out the possibility of a U.S. statement.

The English-language Jerusalem Post meanwhile reported Thursday that Israel was seeking up to \$12 hillion in U.S. financial aid if it agrees to give up the Golan.

Citing Israeli sources, the newspaper said Israel wanted \$7 billion to cover new security arrangements, including weaponry and ground-based and acrial surveillance equipment, to prevent a surprise Syrian attack from the

Golan. An additional \$2 billion is

reportedly being sought to compensate the 13,000 Israeli settlers whn would have to be resettled after an Israeli withdrawal and the other \$3 billion would help pay for water projects in the area, it said.

Israel receives nearly a sixth of its annual consumptinn of drinking water from sonrees nn the Gnlan Heights.

Coinciding with the re-sumption of the Israeli-Syrian talks, several thousand settlers held an emergency meeting in the Golan city of Katzrin to protest the government's presumed plans to abandon the territory.

Israeli

parliament

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(R) — Israel's parliament

Friday approved a 172.8 bil-

lion shekel (\$55.0 billion)

budget for 1996 with a rise in

defence spending for the

army's peacetime redeploy-

Israel's total spending, de-

ducting debt repayment, will

grow in real terms by 3.1 per

cent. The budget includes

27.82 billion shekels for de-

fence. 225 million more than

originally proposed by the

treasury, and up from an estimated spending of 26.7

billion shekels in 1995.

ment, government official

passes '96

budget



His Majesty King Hussein listens to RJ's top officials (Petra photo)

Top RJ officials brief King on operations, finances

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Thursday voiced satisfaction with the Royal Jordanian (RJ) performance, and expressed hope that the national air carrier would live up to the expectations pinned on it. In a statement to Jordan Television, following his visit to the RJ headquarters, King Hussein said he was sure RJ would continue to be Jordan's best ambassador to the world through its unique and dedicated performance.

The King said the peace era requires RJ to be in a position to compete with other airline companies. The King, who chaired a meeting for the RJ board members and senior officers, said discussions covered modernisation of RJ aircraft fleet, and the national airline indebted-

Upon arrival at the RJ headquarters King Hussein

CAIRO (AFP) - Egypt, Syria and the Gulf monar-

chies have agreed in talks in

Damascus to work to set up a

free trade zone between

them, the Egyptian daily Al Ahram Al Missai reported

The eight-member Damas-

cus declaration set up a joint

Arab action programme at a

two-day meeting of their

foreign ministers which en-

was received by RJ Board Chairman Walid Al Kurdi, and the RJ Chief Executive Officer and Director General Nader Dahabi. King Hussein was accompanied by Their Royal Highnesses Princes Faisal and Hamzah.

King Hussein was briefed on the RJ achievements in 1995 and its future aspirations to cope with the increasing competition in the airline industry. Mr. Kurdi said the RJ management would do its utmost to achieve the national airline aspirations and to enable it to compete with other airline companies, through the excelling and dedicated performance of its

He stressed that RJ would carry ont its mission in the best manner despite all financial difficulties and through modernising its aircraft's fleet, improving maintenance methods and directing special

Egypt, Syria and GCC to work

for free trade zone

ded Thursday, the paper

In a final statement, the

ministers agreed to work for

a free trade zone "removing

qualitative, quantitative, administrative and financial

barriers to commercial ex-

"give advantages to Arab

products in their markets,"

unify measurements and spe-

They also committed to

attention to economic consid-

Acting deputy director general for planning, Ghada Bader, reviewed RJ's achievements, saying that the number of passengers ahoard RJ planes has increased to 1.3 million, representing a growth of 4.5 per cent over last year figures, and pointing out RJ's target of 10 per cent increase in 1996. Ms. Bader anticipated a 13 per cent increase in shipments on RJ

Deputy Director General for Finance and Accounts Ghassan Ali briefed the meeting on the RJ financial situation and its 1996 financial outlook. He expected the RJ profits to jump from JD 27 million in 1995 to JD 40 million in 1996, and noted two per cent increase in the seating occupancy rates in 1995. He expected this rate to increase to 68 per cent in

cifications" and "encourage

commercial banks to finance

The Damascus declara-

tion was set up after the 1991

Gulf war and its main provi-

sion for military coordination has never been out into ac-

tion. But its ministers meet

Egypt and Syria with the Gulf

Cooperation Council (GCC)

The declaration groups

trade exchanges."

regularly.

Ben Tarif urges Jordan's private sector to invest in agricultural

AMMAN (Petra) — Agricul-ture Minister Mansour Ben Tarif has invited the private sector in Jordan to create companies to trade in and provide requirements and equipment needed for agricultural production and others to specialise in producing and exporting agricultural

In his call, made at a press conference held in his office, the minister noted that Jordan lacks such companie which are desperately neededto help the country face competition in foreign markets, especially in the coming

stage.
In the press conference, which was held Thursday and announced only Friday, the minister announced the birth of a public shareholding company that will specialise in trading with all requirements needed in the agricultural

production process and providing them to the local farmers at reasonable prices.

The Jordanian Investments Corporation (IIC) has been entrusted with the founding of this company which will involve the participation of a number of government in-stitutions which deal with agriculture, the Jordan Valley Farmers Association as well as the JIC, said Mr. Ben

Highlighting the importance of the private sector in agricultural production, the minister noted that the agricultural sector in Jordan accounts for 28 per cent of the overall gross domestic product (GDP) and 18 per cent of the Kingdom's total

But he added that Jordan's agricultural exports could be boosted should farmers embark on producing products that are of demand in Europe and neighbouring countries in the Middle East and provided the products are of the required quality and standards capable of competing with similar pro-ducts on the world's markets.

The minister pointed out that during 1995 Jordan exported 300,000 tonnes of agricultural products of which 5,000 tonnes went to non-Arab markets.

The minister noted that by the middle of 1995 the ministry teams, assisted by foreign experts, have finalised a document featuring the country's agricultural policies which focus on agricultural extension services, research. marketing and other services to farmers.

He said the document which was approved by the

Higher Agricultural Council has been submitted to the Council of Ministers for approval.

Referring to the ministry's achievements, Mr. Ben Tarif said that ministry nurseries this year produced 643,000 olive trees, up from 360,000 in 1993, has in 1995 set up eight new veterinary clinics to help improve live stock wealth and ministry's teams have been touring farms inoculating sheep and farm animals against diseases.

The minister referred to the development of the Zarga river basin which aims at boosting agricultural produc-tion and the Hammad development scheme in the eastern desert regions to boost live stock wealth as part of the ministry's on going endeavours to boost the country's agricultural

per cent economic growth in 1996 compared with an estimated 6.8 per cent this year.

The budget forecasts five

The budget deficit in 1996 will total 2.4 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP). In 1995 the target was to be 2.75 per cent although it will likely be higher.

The government did not disclose the actual deficit fi-gure. GDP this year is about \$80 billion.

result of the application of the General Agreement on Trade and Tariff (GATT) in U.S. assists the European Union (ÉU)

Jordan to buy wheat

AMMAN (USIS) — A loan agreement for \$15 million to help Jordan purchase about 70.000 tonnes of wheat from private U.S. sources was signed Thursday at the Finance Ministry by Finance Minister Basel Jardaneh and United States Ambassador to Jordan Wesley Egan, according to a U.S. embassy state-

The soft loan is being provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture under the provisions of Public Law 480. It is being extended at the concessional interest rate of three per cent for the first seven years, and at four per cent thereafter. Repayment will begin following a grace period of five years in 16 annual instalments, the statement said.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, **DECEMBER 30, 1995**

ARIES: (March 21 10 April 19) Fundamental affairs could be extended io the morning today, but later this evening you may won-der if you did right on some

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Come to a finer understanding with fellow associates loday, and theo handle routine affairs which could be a little difficult.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Try not to spend more than you can afford in the morning today, but later this evening you can make bigger plans for the days

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You may think you are being imposed upon at this time, but cast that out of your mind. and then you will get what you

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You have some private concern which could cause you to act irrational, if you permit. Be objective and handle such matters well.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Don't overdo, but plan how to gain your ambitions wisely. Try not to be annoyed with good friends; you are just tired. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Do nothing which can jeopardise your position. If a bigwig gives you a bad time, say nothing; blame it ou the planets. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You are in the mood for expansion and you can study ways and means for such, but don't take action as yet or it could be disastrous.

DO

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SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) This is not a good day today to reach important decisions since you are relying only on your intuition, which is not totally reliable now. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You have to use tack with a partner who is irate today or there can be real trouble between you which is not benefi-

' YUARIUS: (January 21 to rebruary 19) Although you are in the mood for career activities. you had better get at it efficiently and reap the benefits which are now available.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You had better be content with simple pleasures since the claborate ones are beyond your means right at this time for you to be succeessful.

Birthstone of December: Turquoise - Zircon

Minister explains policies on food supplies, subsidies and pricing

AMMAN (Petra) — Snpply Minister Adel Al Qudah Thursday said his ministry will continue to provide the basic subsidised food items, despite the price increases at the international level. Speaking at a press conference, Mr. Qudah said the ministry had offered tenders to import 550,000 tonnes of wheat, 300,000 tonnes of sugar, 73,000 tonnes of rice and one million carton of Halibra (powder milk), in addition to sufficient quanti-ties of maize and barley, de-

spite the great price hikes. Mr. Qudah said the treasury has paid JD 88.66 million to subsidise food items during the first II months of this year, including JD 59.5 milhon for wheat, JD 10.95 million for sugar, JD 9.8 million for rice and JD 6 million to

THE BETTER HALF.

On the recent measures to reduce the numbers of coupon beneficiaries for basic food supplies, Mr. Qudah said: "Due to sharp rise in prices of food items and the increase in the annual government subsidy, the ministry has exerted intensive efforts. to identify the high income bracket. As a result, a total of 200,000 coupons have been eliminated out of 760,000 coupons,

However, he said, the ministry is currently studying requests for coupons made by citizens affected by the latest ministry measures. On the pricing policy, Mr. Qudah said the ministry allows a profit margin of 17 per cent on 25 food items priced by the ministry, excluding tea, where the profit margin is 13 per cent. Pricing of local pro-ducts is done by a specialised

By Glasbergen

committee, grouping repre-sentatives of industry and trade, supply, customs department, the Amman Chamber of Industry and the Consumer Protection Society, Mr. Qudah said. owever, he said, prices

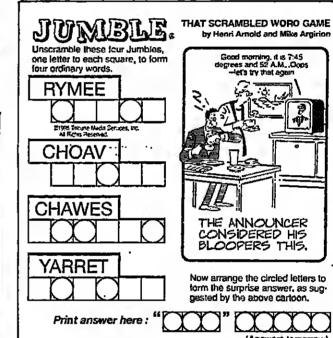
a. determined by many factors, including global price increases, stability of prices in the country of origin, stability of other costs, in addi-tion to the stability of the local currency exchange rate. sales tax, as well as the supply and demand in the exporting

Mr. Qudah noted that as a

subsidies to farmers and exporters decreased by 40 per cent as of Nov. 18, This, he said, has led to a rise in the prices of imports from the EU countries, particularly meat and cheese. On the prices of coffee. Mr. Qudah said coffee prices have been determined in

member states, government

accordance with the prices appearing in the customs declarations during October



Jumbles: BOGUS HYENA IRONIC DETAIN

ITS IN THE CARDS

Why a spendthrift always blows her budget

"I can always tell when you're reading look on your face.'

my mind. You get this really bored

Peanuts



Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Alvin L. Becker

- **ACROSS**
- 5 Basehall team 9 Resign 14 Pleasure trip 15 Acclaim

enthusiastically

- 16 branch (peace sign) 17 Can. prov. 18 — homo
- 19 Late night TV пате 20 Commit rashly 23 Painting.
- sculpture, etc 24 Juttand native 25 Tnte 28 Trumpeter Al
- 32 Fraternal chapters 34 Formicary inhabitant

29 Fteur-de-

- 35 Shipped 36 Thompson of 37 - drop
- (lozenge) 39 Sports stadium 40 Equal
- 41 Choose 42 Complain peevishly 44 — lizzie
- 45 Shoe device 46 Brings up 47 Enter
- 48 Spigot 49 Impresses deeply
- 57 Zodiac sign 58 Concert halls 59 One opposed
- 60 Pastor's abode 61 Swan genus 62 Musical Porter
- 63 on (urged) 64 Barrels 65 Son ol Seth
- DOWN 1 For men only
- 2 Horsey sport 3 Self: pref. 4 Nelson's great victory site
- 7 Gaming cubes 8 Tough -9 Lecturer 10 Take the honey and run

5 A Butler

- 11 Place for lodes 12 The Great or Terrible 13 Incline 21 Unbind
- 22 Terrestrial 25 Rested 26 Oscar winner Маліза 27 Hype makers
- 28 cuisine 29 Proposition
- 30 Less apparent 31 Moves 33 Lava cinders 35 Unspecified

locale

43 Don't give

48 Despots 49 "Auntie --" 38 Obvious thing 50 To —, and a bone...

TEIRIRIY

- 45 Kind of salad 51 TV's Larry 47 Silly ones 52 Unemployed
 - 56 Hastens
- 53 Sch. subj. 54 Shortly 55 Fr. town

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SYMMASSAM

Thursday's puzzle solved

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SALTSAMIP

Local cement sales hit record

A review of news from the Arabic press

** CEMENT SALES to the local market reached

2,560,358 tonnes from the beginning of this year until Dec.

12, 1995. The amount is the highest since the company was

established and confirms that building activity is on the rise. The figure is expected to reach 2,650,000 tonnes by

the end of this month, an increase of between six to seven

per ceot over the 1994 sales. If 800,000 tonnes of exports

are to be included, total 1995 sales may reach 3.5 million

tonnes. Southeast Asian countries such as Thailand, South

Korea, Malaysia and Singapore imported Jordanian ce-

ment this year, in addition to Syria which purchased

100,000 tonnes under an agreement between the two

countries. A source at the company expected production

capacity to rise to four million tonnes at the end of 1996 as a

result of exports to the Palestinian self-rule areas. A Palestinian company has signed an agreement with the cement company to import 100,000 tonnes to the self-rule

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

	pridget 1	dollar on the Lond Friday.	lon foreign exchar	s and gold against to age and bullion mark
日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の		One U.S. dollar	1.3630/40 1.4324/34 1.6032/42 1.1508/18 29.43/47 4.8976/26 1584.4/5.9 103.20/30 6.6260/60 6.3220/70 5.5436/36 1.4135/45 0.7435/40 7.7317/27	Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crown Danish crowns Singapore dollar Australian dollar Hong Kong dollar
A: - 3	45	One sterling	\$1.5490/00	
		Gold (ounce)	\$386.65/387.15	

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: 12 - 22 00

Share prices rise at AFM

By Khattab Salman Special to the Jordan Times

Jordan stock exchange rose this week reached JD 5.8 during the past five days of million (\$8.3 million), which trading boosted by gaios represented a JD 3.5 million made in the last two days. The Amman Fioaocial Market (AFM) index closed

trading in the last two days said, totalled JD 4 millioo (\$5.7 million), while the average trading in the first three days law on the stock market," he was JD 0.6 million (\$0.87 added, "but we should ootice million).

AFM weekly report said

AMMAN - Prices at the that the volume of trading investment. (\$5 million) drop than last

week's turnover. "The impact of the new at 158.5; 1.3 points higher investment law enacted last than last week's closing. week by the government is ing volume in the Brokers at AFM said that not clear yet," one broker East after Kuwait.

> "Maybe it's too early to examine the effect of the new some positive results io 1996.

The new law eliminates previous curbs on foreign investors buying on the Jorda-nian market. The government passed the law to attract

Foreign investments, mostly of Arab owoership, account for 32 per cent of the \$4.4 billion capital on the Jordanian exchange, which has the second-highest trading volume in the Middle

According to the report, 43 companies gained in prices this week, 17 fell, and 12 remained unchanged. Over two million shares changed baods during the week through 3,072 contracts.

The industry sector led the gains on the market with a turnover of ID 2.95 million (\$4.2 million) followed by banks and financial institutions accounting for JD 1.4 million (\$2 million).

The industrial index gained 3.81 points (3.04 per cent), while the banks index lost 0.68 points (0.36 per cent). Service companies index was the only other index to gain, up 1.46 points (1.15 per

trading volume (\$1.2 millon). The insurance index fell by 0.03 points (0.02 per cent) according for JD 0.13 million (\$0.185 million) of this week's trading volume.

cent) with JD 0.84 million in

areas (Al Dustour). Committee studying enlargement of investments in Agaba

** THE COUNCIL of Ministers bas decided to form a committee headed by the minister of finance 10 study the possibility of widening the investment scope of local and foreign investors in Aqaba within the framework of consolidating the investment elimate in Jordan. In additioo to the minister of finance, the committee inclodes the ministers of industry and trade, transport, tourism, water and planning. The committee will lay down the appropriate bases to lease government lands in Aqaba to local and foreign firms for touristic investments, similar to those made for the eastern shore of the Dead Sea. The committee is expected to present its recommendations to the Cabinet in the coming few days in order to take the appropriate decisions io this regard (Al Aswaq).

Dutch company completes study to modernise Queen Alia International Airport

** A SEMI-GOVERNMENT Dutch company has completed a feasibility study to upgrade and modernise Queeo Alia International Airport. The study, which was given a special importance, was presented to the Jordanian governmeot and an announcement is expected sooo on starting the project. According to the director-general of the Civil Aviation Authority, the Dutch government has conducted the study free of charge and offered to carry out the project with 40 per ceot of the cost to be covered by a grant from the Dutch government and the rest in the form of loan. The total cost is expected to be around JD 30 million, but the Jordanian government bas not yet decided on the project which might take four or five years to carry out. As for Aqaba-Eilat airport project, the director geoeral poioted out that the feasibility study for the project has started and is expected to be completed by mid-April of next year. The study is being carried out by the U.S. company Lockheed Martin at a cost of \$500,000 (Al Dustour).

Cooperative Organisation to continue operations under different name, **functions**

** THE COOPERATIVE Organisation will continue to operate under a new name and functions, the bead of the institution said denying rumours that it is to be liquidated and its loans endorsed to other government institutions. According to government directives, the director-general said, there will be a change of oame, a reduction in the number of jobs and operations and confining of its management to the government, after cancelling the private sector participation in the board of directors. The organisation's head blamed the duplication of responsibilities and management between the private and public sectors for the financial troubles that hit the institution and brought it down to the present condition (Al Dustour).

Jordan Times

Cairo Amman Bank

Takyo Close

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1.6503

1.1526**

New york Close

25/12/95

1.5600

1.4535

1,1570

Financial

Markets

CHITCHES

Sterling Pound

Dretsche Mark

Swiss France

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET HOUSING BASE CENTER ANNAH - SHIPLISANT TELEPHONE: \$07171 / 507175 ORGANISED MARKET TRADING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD (22/12/1555 - 27/12/1555) WEEKLY REPORT

COMPANY'S MANE	TRADISC Volume JD	PRIV. CLOSING PRICE		CLOSING PRICE
RAS BANK PIC	309,560	225-000	226.000	273.000
CORDAN MATIONAL BANK	255,525			
NING MOONE BANK		4.450		4.500
ARE OF JORDAN	20.692			3.750
HIDDLE BAST INVESTMENT BANK.		1.200		1-240
industrial development bank	36,660	2.520	2.320	2.530
HE HOUSTRG BAME	63.618			4.900
CORDAN RUMAIT BANK	43,221	2-800		
ORDAN GULP RANK	64,020			
ORDAN ISTANIC DANK	.22,571			
MICH BANK FOR SAVING 5 INVESTMENT		3.260	2.290	2.130
deixess bank		2.220		2.250
ORDAN INVESTMENT & PINANCE BANK	72,268	2.550	3.350	3.550
MET TIME SAVINGE INVESTMENT FOR HOUSING >	1,762	3.300	2.200	2.260
HOLD BANK FOR INVESTMENT	145,476		0.630	0.620
RAB MARKING CORPORATION/JORDAN	4,515	5.250	5.250	5.340
RILADZIPHIA INVESIMENT RAME.	75,485	1.520	1.520	1.546
BARKS SECTOR		1410123	TEDES A	 10)/0.524;).1

Hong Kong dollars

JORDAN FRENCH INSURANCE	6,066	2.840	2.840	2.800	
ARAB LIFE 6 ACCIDENT INSURANCE	23,740	2-288	2.280	2-400	
AL-HISR AL-ARADI INSURANCE	2, 345	4.610	0.610	4.450	
	-				
IFFORANCE ERCTOR		32271	INDEX :	NUMBER: 1	31.45
		CHAPGE		-0.022	
والمراومة ومذالة يتدايسه مستحيرا التراويسة التناسم البهاميد	معاوستكارتها ويتشاداه	جاني الم	-		
JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER	244,363	1.710	1.710	1.750	•
JORDAN BOTTL 5 TOURISM	7,528	6.750	8,750	8.760	
IRBID DISTRICT MARCTRICITY	10,216	b. 270	1.270	1.250	
ARAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS	57,445	5.500	5.600	5.500	
JORDAN MATTOWAL SHIPPING LINES	13,014	2.500	2.500	2.570	
MATICAL POSTFOLIO SECURITIES	26,105	1.800	1,000	1-810	

JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER	244,363	1.710	1.710	1.750 '
FORDAM BOTTL 5 TOURISM	7,528	6.750	8,750	8.760
IRBID DISTRICT RESCURICITY	10,216	b. 270	1.270	1.250
arab international hotels	57,445	5.500	5.600	5-500
fordan Mational Shipping Lives	13,014	2.500	2.500	2.570
CATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES	26,105	1.800	1.000	1-810
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT	51,846	0.650	0.560	1.016
PORDAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING CENTER	11,573	1,050	1.050	1.200
WACHTHARY BOOLD, RENTING 6 HALFTENANCE	3,465	0.670	0.670	
MITED MIDDLE BAST 6 COMMODORE MOTELS	12,750	2,200	2.200	2.250
URAN DITER. FOR ENVESTMENT & EDUCATION	14,385	3,230		
ORDANIAN EXPARATRES INVESTMENT MOLDING	46,795	1.140		
EARCA PRIVATE UNIVERSITY	17,148	1.170	1.170	1.100
DWIFTED CO. FOR ORGANIZING LAND TRANS.	130,050	2,230	2.230	2.280
UNION LAND DEVELOPMENT COMP.	180.816	1.020	1.020	1.116
SERVICES SECTOR		8 27647	INDEX :	WHER: 128-7
•		CHANGE		1.152

JORDAN TORACCO & CIGARETTES	756	21,000	22.000	21.000	
ATTARGET COUST. KATERIAL HARDFACTURING	1,860	1.200	1.200	1.200	
THE JORDAN CEMENT PACTORIES	1,060,018		3.620	3.700	
JORDAN PHOSPERTE KINES	214,212		3.200	3.450	
THE ARAB POTAGE	210,404	5,250	5.250	5.500	
JORDAN PETROLEUM REPINARY	217,223	10,080	10.080	10.250	
JOHNAN TANKING	357	7.000	7.000	7.000	
THE INCOMPRIAL CONNERCIAL & AGRICULIURAL	12,483	3.450	3.450	3.380	
THE JORDAN MORRISTO MILLS	51,438	2.000	E. 000	7.920	

GRAND TOTAL			THDEX :		
INDOSTRIAL BECTOR		2554285 CHAPGE	INDEX :	10KBER: 1	
UNION CHEMICAL 4 VEGATIABLE OIL INDUSTRI					
	40, 170				
INTERNATIONAL TORACCO 4 C7GARETTES		1.400			
MI-TAY READY WEAR MANUFACTURING CO.		2.050			
JORDAN MEN CABLE CONPANY		1.480			
JORDAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO.		1.640			
MANIMER INVESTMENT UNIVERSAL NODERN INDUSTRIÉS	28.555				
MANUTER INVESTMENT		1.620		1.500	
JUNIAN SULPHO-CHERICALS ARAM CENTER FOR PRAIN. 6 CHERICALS		1.730			
JORDAN SULPRO-CRENICALS		1.250			
MATTONAL CABLE & WIRE MANUFACTUREDS		2.000			
ALADDIN INDUSTRIES		4.500			
UNIVERSAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	•	3.300			
JORDAN ROCKMOOL INDUSTRIES		1.030			
JOADAN CREMICAL INDUSTRIES	270	4.750			
MATIONAL INDUSTRIES INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	18.107				
WATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY		1.800			
ARAB PAPER CONVERTING 6 TRADING					
LIVERTOCK & POULTRY		0.600		1.420	
ARAB ALCHINTON INDUSTRY		3.200			
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RAPIA THOUSTRIES		2.150			
SPIRKING L WEAVING		1.850			
ARAB CHEMICAL DETERGENTS INDUSTRIES		11.920		12.080	
JORDAN PAPER 6 CARDBOARD PACTORIES	420	3.860			
THE JORDAN PIPES HANDFACTURING	2,100				
JORDAN CERAKIC INDUSTRIES	38,043		•		
aras Pharkaceutical Kamupacturing	105,420	4.476	4.476	4.500	

PARALLEL MARKET TRADING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD (22/12/1666 - 27/12/1003)

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COMPANY'S MANE	Tracing Volume JD	Priv. Closing Price		PRICE
CTHIRAL GENERAL TRADING & STORAGE	45,865	0.710	0.710	0.750
JORDAN TRADE PACILITIES	44,872		+	
ARAB FIN INV.CO	75, 114			
UNION INVESTMENT CORP. 304	28.750			0.870
ARAB FOOD & MEDICAL APPLIANCES	3,923		*	0.800
ARAB INVESTMENT 6 INERNATIONAL TRADE	6,707		4	
JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCO	6,521		0.450	0.460
MATIONAL CHLORING INDUSTRIES CO. LTD	. 12,705		1.530	
MATTONAL TEXTILE 6 PLASTICS IND. CO	31,850		0.510	0.500
erytak dies & houlds	543	0.750	0.796	0.770
UNIVERSAL METALS	115	1.150	1.150	1.150
- ANGANG CIN	1,946	0.770	0.770	0.780
JORDAN STREET	61,555	0.550	·~ 4.950	0.580
ARAN REDCTRIC INDUSTRIES	3,075	0.780	6.760	0.710
DRION TORACCO	44,076	1.236	2.230	Ž- 240
RAIL PHARMACEUTICALS	3,095	0.800	0.800	0.866
LHDUSTRIES ENGINEERING	3,309	0.790	0.790	0.720
DEDUSTRIAL CERANIC	55,350		1-270	1.350
PEARL SANITARY PAPER CONVERTING	3,904	0.860	0.960	0.500
EATTOUAL POULTRY SOL	975	0.050	0.030	0.850
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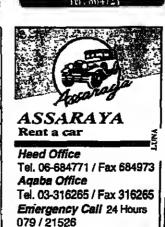






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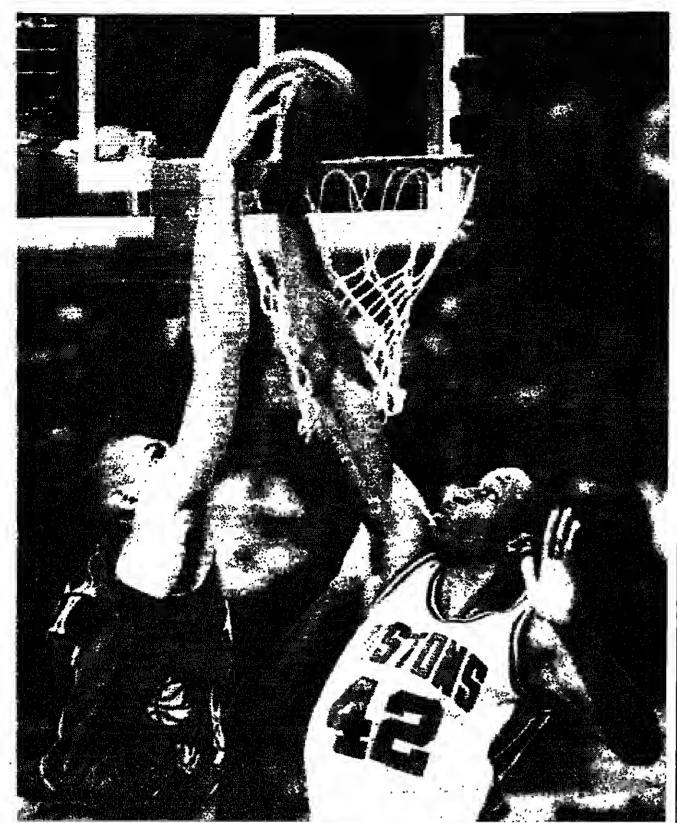
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Denische Mark	3.50	2.50	3.41	3.37
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French Franc	0.1346	J_1455		
Japanese Yea*	0.6697	0.6951		
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Saudi Riyal	0_1270	2.1494		
Kewalti Dinar	2.5020	2.3670		
Qatari Riyal	0.1930	0.1945		
Egyptian Pound	_0.5100	0.2200		
Omeni Riyal	1.8550	1.5410		
UAE Dirham	0.1922	0.1953		
Greek Drochma*	0.2125	0.3150		
Cypriot Pound	1.5225	1.9825		



Toronto Raptors' Zan Tabak (left) slams for two points over Detroit Pistons' Theo Ratliff December 28 during first half

action in the NBA game at the Palace in Anburn Hills (Reuters photo)

Ewing's early exit costs Knicks

NEW YORK (AFP) — The surging Cleveland Cavaliers beat the New York Knicks 86-76 here Thursday; a rare home loss for the Knicks who also saw star centre Patrick Ewing limp off with a sprained ankle.

Cleveland have oow won 14 of their last 19 National Basketball Association games as their turnaround from an 0-7 start continues. New York lost for just the fourth time in 13 games, and were held to their lowest

points total of the season. The Cavaliers scored the first eight points of the game and oever trailed. Michael Cage started the game with a layup before Bobby Philis and Chris Mills made consecutive three-pointers to give Cleveland an 8-0 lead.

Ewing left the court midway through the first quarter after hurting his right ankle

putting up a shot. X-rays showed oo fracture, and he was listed as tlay-to-day.

"It made it a lot easier without Patrick because he didn't clog up the middle," said Phills. "Our small lineop did a great job. We took advantage of the opportunity. We are approaching every game at a high confidence level where we think we can beat anybody.'

Hubert Davis scored 20

ew within 70-66 ade a three-poi	after Davis	be withou	it."	
	NBA I	RESULTS		
Indiana	91	Miami	77	
Detroit	113	Toronto	91	
Cleveland	86	New York	76	
Dallas	103	Vancouver	101	(2)
Honston	97	New Jersey	82	

San Antonio	107	LA I
Utah	99	Minn
Houston	. 97	New
Dallas	103	Vanc
Cleveland	86	New
Detroit	113	Toro

land put the game out of reach with a 14-5 hurst.

Going into the game, Ewing was averaging 21.7 points and 9.8 rebounds. On Saturday he shot 15-of-19 from the floor for his 29th career 40point performance as the Knicks beat Torooto 103-91. "We caught a big break wheo Patrick went down,"

said Cavaliers coach Mike Fratello. "If you ask anyone would they rather play New York with Patrick Ewing or

	NBA .	RESULTS	
ndiana	91	Miami	77
Detroit	113	Toronto	91
Cleveland	86	New York	76
Dallas	103	Vancouver	101 (2nd Ot)
Iouston	97	New Jersey	82
Jtah · ·	99	Minnesota	83
an Antonio	107	LA Lakers	99

on just 41 per ceot of their shots from the floor, but outscored New York 21-9 from the foul line. The Cavs missed jost one of 22 free

Terrell Brandoo made all 10 of his free throws and to stretch his streak to 51 straight foul shots over his last eight games.

It was the ninth time this season that Cleveland had held an opponent to 85 points

"We certainly had a toogh time scoring enough points to stay competitive, but we did get back to within four and I ought we were going to ve a chance to win the me," Knicks coach Don elson said. "They hit a couof shots to pull hack ay, which happens when I're trying to give as much tra effort as you can in a ch-up game.

NFL playoffs roundup

Four-time Super Bowl losers Buffalo back for another AFC bid

failed Super Bowl bids defined football futility in the 90s, are back for more as the National Foothall League playoffs start here oo Saturday.

The Bills host their American Conference East rivals Miami in an AFC wildcard game just three weeks after their 23-20 victory over the Dolphins in a regular-season game here.
That victory secured Buffalo's sixth AFC East title in eight years, while the Dolphins could only ooe keep their fingers crossed until last Sunday, when Denver's 31-28 victory over Oakland let them back into the playoffs.

Now the Dolphins, widely touted as pre-season favourites to reach the Super Bowl, will oeed a domioant performance from quarterback Dan Marino, and a bit of self-control from linebacker Bryan Cox.

Cox and Bills fullhack Carwell Gardner were both ejected from the December 17 game at Rich Stadium after a shoving match. Cox spit at fans as he left the field, the second time be has made insulting gestures at fans in Buffalo.

Marino, who broke four NFL passing records this season, could be undone by the freezing weather normal in Buffalo this time of year.

The Bills are 8-0 in the post season at Rich Stadium, while Miami last woo a road playoff game in 1972. Buffalo has won its only two playoff meetings with Miami, a 44-34 victory at Buffalo after the 1990 season and a 29-10 victory in Miami for the 1992 AFC title.

In additioo, Buffalo had the luxury of resting five key starters, including quarterback Jim Kelly, in last Sunday's 28-17 loss to Houston.

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They also used that game to bring hack wide receiver Andre Reed, who had missed nine games with a hamstring injury. San Diego, last season's AFC champions, host Indianapolis

in the second AFC wildcard game on Sunday. The Chargers, who appeared headed for oblivious in November, closed the season with five victories, including a 27-17 come-from-behind win over the New York Giants on

San Diego quarterhack Stan Humphries suffered a sprained neck in that game, but is expected to play. The Chargers' face will also depend a lot on whether running hack Natrone Means

recovers sufficiently from a groin injury.

The Colts, who are in the playoffs for only the second time since the moved to Indianapolis from Baltimore, have lost their last five playoff games since a 20-3 victory at Cleveland on December 26, 1971.

Only a dozen players on the Colts' 53 man active roster have

playoff experience. But the Colts have had an outstanding year from quarter-back Jim Harbaugh, who led the NFL in passing this season after taking over the starting quarterback job from Craig Erickson in the third game.

In the National Conference wildcard games this weekend, Philadelphia bost Detroit and Atlanta travel to Green Bay.

Lions meet Eagles in NFC battle

PHILADELPHIA (AFP) — The Detroit Lions ride a seven-game winning streak into their National Football League playoff game against the Eagles, another team that turned up the heat in the second half of the seasoo.

Detroit topped off their season with a 37-10 pounding of the Tampa Bay Buccaneers last weekend.

Philadelphia finished with a loss to Chicago, hot they won nine of their last 12 games after losing three of their first four.

The National Conference wildcard game on Saturday matches the Eagles' second-ranked pass defence against Detroit's oumber-one-ranked

Lions quarterhack Scott Mitchell will be playing his first postseason game after a season in which he set clnh records with 32 touchdown passes for 4,338 yards. In the Eagles he will face a defeoce that had an NFC-best 48 quarterback sacks.

Detroit running back Barry Saoders, fresh from his seventh consecutive 1,000yard rushing season, will be trying to erase the memory of his last playoff game, when he was held to minus-one

yard in a wildcard loss to

Greeo Bay last year. Philadelphia quarterhack Rodney Peete, who spent his first five seasons with Detroit, will also be making his first post-season start.

The Eagles may be without an experienced back-up for him, since Randall Cunningham has said he will skip the game if his wife, Felicity, who is expecting their first child, goes into labour early.

Green Bay will celebrate New Year's Eve hy hosting a NFL playoff game for the fourth time, and the Atlanta Falcous are the team hoping to spoil The Packers' party. The Packers have won all three of their previous New

Year's Eve contests at Lamheao Field, including the NFC wildcard victory over Detroit last year. Their other New Year's Eve victories were a 37-0 win over the New York Giants in

1961 and the 21-17 "Ice Bowl" victory over Dallas in Packers quarterback Brett Favre has an added incentive.

since the Falcons traded him away in 1992 after making him their second-round draft

He came into his own this seasoo with seven games of 300 passing yards and a total of 38 touchdowns — the third-bighest single-season total in NFL history. His most frequent target

bas been Robert Brooks. who bad a cluh record 1,497 receiving yards.

Favre also benefitted from

an improvement in the Packers' running game as Edgar Bennett became the team's first I,000-yard rusher since 1978.

The Falcoos, who play in Atlanta's Georgia Dome, may bave some trouble adjusting to Green Bay's arctic But they will be huoyed by

their 28-27 upset of Super Bowl champions San Francisco in the final game of the regular seasoo. Quarterback Jeff George

suffered a sprained oeck in the first half of that game, hut says he'll be ready to play in Greeo Bay, where the Packers have woo 17 of their last 18 games.

> Playoff matchups and schedule

AFC qualifiers

Kansas Clty (conference

championship, Western Divi-

sion, first-round hye, home-

hye), Buffalo (Eastern Division), Indianapolis (wild card), Miami (wild card), San Diego (wild card). NFC qualifiers Dallas (conference cham-

field advantage throughout AFC-playoffs), Pittsburgh (Central Division, first-round

pionship, Eastern Division, first-round bye, homefield advantage throughout NFC playoffs). San Francisco (Western Division, firstround bye), Green Bay (Central Division), Philadelphia (wild card), Detroit (wild card), Atlanta (wild card). Schedule:

Wild card round Saturday, December 30 Miami (9-7) at Buffalo (10-6) Detroit (10-6) at Philadelphia

Sunday, December 31 Atlanta (9-7) at Green Bay (11-5)Indianapolis (9-7) at San

Diego (9-7) Divisional Playoffs

Saturday, January 6 Sunday, January 7 Conference championships Sunday, January 14. Snper Bowl 30 (at Phoenix) Sunday, January 28

Reds aim to cut Newcastle's lead to 1 point LONDON (AP) — At only real difference," Reds' mana-ger Alex Ferguson said. "I in the standings, starting at Rangers are third from last outing was a 4-2 loss at Mid-

Newcastle looked a oear certainty to win its first league title for 69 years. One game later the Magpies aren't such a sure bet.

Manchester United scored such a convincing 2-0 victory over Newcastle Wednesday that the bookmakers made major changes in the odds and both managers were con-vinced it would be a much close race.

"Everybody has been talking about Newscastle going 13 points clear, hut oow it's only seveo and that makes a

think it's wide open again

After its victory over Newcastle, Manchester United returns to its Old Trafford stadium Saturday to take on struggler Queens Park Rangers in the hope of further cutting the magpies lead from

seven points to four.

Eric Cantona, Andy Cole,
Roy Keane and Ryan Giggs
had standout games for the
Reds against Newcostle and another performance like that could leave the Rangers

defence in tatters.

the relegation zone and lacking confidence, playermanager Ray Wilkins, a former Manchester United midfielder, will need to steel his team for a strong defensive performance Saturday.

The 20 clubs face two more games over the new years period and the Reds follow its game against Rangers with a visit to third place Totteoham Monday. On Saturday, Newcastle

faces a team in the lower half of the 20-cluh standings, 13th place West Ham, whose last dleshrough. Then it hosts fifth place Arsenal Tuesday. If the results continue to go

in favour of Ferguson's team, the Reds could wind up only one point hehind Newcastle hy Tuesday night. According to the bookmakers. Newcastle's odds to win the title have changed from 1-3 to 8-15 and the Reds have shortened from 5-1 to 10-3.

Tottenham's dramatic climh to third would have looked even more spectacular if it hadn't surrendered points in both its games over the Christmas boliday period.

Gebresilasie, Torrence top Italy poll

ROME (R) — Italy's Gazzetta Dello Sport newspaper oamed Ethiopian 10,000 metres world champion Haile Gehresilasie and American sprinter Gwen Torrence as its sportsman and woman of the year on Friday.

Alpine skiing overall world champion Alherto Tomha, despite recent controversies on the piste, and Britisb-born long jumper Fiona May were the top Italian athletes in a poll of the authoritative newspaper's journalists.
And, in a locally-oriented

choice, the Italian men's volleyball team was voted top. team of 1995, ahead of South Africa's World Cup winning rugby union squad. Gebresilasie polled 633

votes, ahead of American Michael Johnson on 599 and Britain's Jonathan Edwards

The Ethiopian, who this year

world records, told the newspaper in a telephone interview from his home in Addis Ababa that he intended to run both distances at the Atlanta Olympics next year. Torrence poiled 722 votes,

ahead of German swimmer Franziska von Almsick oo 713 and Cuban runner Ana Quirot, who returned from serious injury in 1995, on Tomba, embroiled in con-

troversy this month after throwing a trophy at an Ita-lian photographer who took and sold nude photographs of him, said it had been a special year for him hut appealed for his private life to be left

"Its a shame that the summer has heen ruined hy things that have nothing to do with sport," the skier wrote in a a column.

Atlanta rushing to get ready as Olympic year arrives ATLANTA (AP) - With its tangle of torn sidewalks, hardbats and detour signs. Atlanta looks more like a town closing for repairs than one almost ready for the summer

The calendar is finally about to read "1996," though, and on New Year's day this scaffolded city is only 200 days from the start of the Centennial Games. "There's a lot of anticipation, frustration, speculation,"

said Cesare Mammarella, owner of a restaurant just a block from three major downtown Olympic venues and the 21-acre park that is being huilt for the Games. From bebind the cash register of Cesare's corner cafe, Mammarella voices the mixed feelings enveloping this

southern city that longs to grow into an international metropolis but fears losing all sense of control.

"I wish the Olympics were over with already," be grumhles as he looks at a road crew, surrounded hy bright orange barricades blocking his entrance. He can't belp but

"They say 400,000 people are going to walk past my door every day," Mammarella said. "It's a great opportunity." With the clock ticking loudly, no major troubles threaten as Atlanta hits the final stretch before the Summer Games. Still, there is much work to be done, ranging from money raising to finalising a traffic plan to figuring how to deal

with the potential spread of a horse disease. Some Olympic arenas, including the main stadium, still are under construction. The city remains in the grip of a \$52 million overhaul of roads, hridges and sewers. Private

ones in time for the summer onslaught.

"You have as many days as you have left. There could be 100 days and you'd figure out how to be ready," said Billy Payne, president of the Atlanta Committee for the Olympic Games. "We've got just about the right amount of

Anita de Frantz, a U.S. member of the International Olympic Committee from Los Angeles, said only now, after more than five years of expectancy, will Atlanta begin to feel the full breadth of the Games. "It will go hy in the hlink of an eye," she said of the oext

61/2 months. Payne said he's thrilled, not worried, as be stares at the labyrinth and the dwindling days until the opening ceremony in July 19.

"I guess there is the uncertainty of the unknown that will confront us," Payne said. "Bnt with the great response of the countries of the world in accepting the invitations, the completion of our venues, the IOC really liking our plans

for the opening ceremonies," we're just really excited."

Payne's troops are coming off a momentous year that
saw a large portion of ACOG's \$500 million construction programme completed, a mostly successful programme of 19 pre-Olympic competitions and the launch of a ticket programme that hrought in more money than expected hut also drew bowls of protest from customers who thought it was unfair

Olympic planners also saw a construction worker killed

in an accident at the main stadium and discovered that some of the dormitories being built for athletes were sinking into the ground. A programme to raise money to build the Olympic park hy selling commemorative hricks flopped.

The city that prides itself in American "southern hospitality" was hruised from hotels that tried to highly inflate rates for Olympic guests and landlords who dumped tenants to clear apartment space for '96 visitors. And an accountant hired by a public oversight panel cast doubt on ACOG's ability to make its privately financed,

\$1.6 hillioo hodget. Organisers insisted their hudget was "bulletproof." ACOG must raise more than \$200 million between now and the summer to be able to pay for the Games. Some of that money will come from corporate sponsors, hut most is

expected from sales of tickets and souvenirs. "Ideally, we wish it would have been wrapped up two years ago," Payne said of fund raising. "It's been a great

subject matter for lots of rhetoric. "I can't swear to you how many T-shirts we will sell, but

it will be fantastic and record-hreaking. And we have budgeted conservatively. About three-fourths of the sessions to Olympic events are sold out.

Construction of the remaining arenas is on schedule, and most should he finished hy spring. The 83,500-seat Olympic stadium is scheduled to get a pre-Olympic workout in May. when the international athletics challenge is held there.

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sportsman of 1995

PARIS (R) — British triple jump world champion Jonathan Edwards was voted "champion of the champions 1995" by the influential French sports daily L'Equipe on

Edwards, who became the first man to break the 18 metres barrier at the World Championships in Gothenburg last summer, received 183 points from the newspaper's journalists.

Another athlete, American Michael Johnson, winner of the 200 metres and 400 metres in Gothenburg, was second on 181 points, ahead of Spaniard Miguel Indurant, who won a record fifth consecutive cycling Tour de France last July.

Edwards takes over from Brazil's soccer superstar L'Equipe's champion of the champions in 1994.

Ethiopian Haile Gebresilasiem, was fourth in the L'E-

SPORTS IN BRIEF

China to hire foreign coaches

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BELITING (AFP) - China plans to hire foreign boxing coaches and sparring partners to raise domestic standards in a sport that was only legalised here in 1986 after a 27-year ban, a report said Friday. The boxing centre under National Sports Commission is aiming to hire coaches from Cuba, Russia and European countries, along with sparring partners from Cuba, the China Daily said. "Up to now, the proposal is still under discussion and we are trying to work it out before the end of the year," the newspaper quoted an official from the centre as saying. The move will focus on improving standards within the national team, the official said, adding that some local teams were already reaping the benefits of hiring coaches from Russia and Mongolia. Plans are also in the pipeline for sending national team members abroad for training, he said. China banned boxing in 1959 for being both bourgeois and dangerous, following the death of a boxer in a national competition. The han was lifted in 1986, but the standard of Chinese boxing — run on a strictly amateur code — is way behind other Asian countries such as South Korea. The country still only boasts around 1,000 amateur boxers, although the sport has been getting more attention in recent years with China hosting a seires of quality international tournaments.

Laitinen wins large hill event

OBERHOF, Germany (AP) — Mika Laitinen of Finland won a large hill World Cup ski jumping event Friday, landing the first and third longest jumps of the day to easily beat countryman Ari-Pekka Nikkola, Laitinen had a jump of 121 metres on his first try and then added a 126-5-metre lean, five metres more than anybody else on the day. His 241.5 points was easily ahead of Nikkola, who had jumps of 115 and 121.5 for 229.4 points. Three-time Olympic champion Jens Weissflog of Germany, who on Thursday announced he was retiring after the season, was third with 224.9 points on jumps of 116.5 and 120 metres. The next World Cup jumping events are scheduled for Oberstdorf, Germany on Dec. 30; Garmisch-Patenkirschen, Germany on New Year's Day, Innsbruck, Austria Jan. 4; and Bischofshofen, Austria on Jan. 6. They are known as the

2-time Olympic champ announces comeback

BORMIO, Italy (AP) - Deborah Compagnoni, the two-time Olympic champion sidelined by a knee injury since March, announced Thursday she will make her World Cup season debut at Maribor, Slovenia, next week. She will start in two giant slalom races and a slalom scheduled in the Slovenian resort Jan. 5-7. "I'm returning to action. The worst seems to be over. I hope I can prove competitive in the initial races," she said. The 25-year-old Italian last skied at the World Cup finals and did not begin the current season with the rest of her peers because of severe knee pain. She underwent arthroscopic surgery in September to remove cartilage — the third operation on her right knee. "I mostly trained slalom and giant slalom but I still hope to compete in Super-G later in the season," said Compagnoni, who won the Olympic super-G title in 1992 and the giant slalom title two years later.

Raines jons Yankees

NEW YORK (AP) — Tim Raines, a 36-year-old outfielder for the Chicago White Sox who was once one of U.S. Major League Basehall's premier base-stealing threats, joined the New York Yankees on Thursday. The White Sox and Yankees completed the trade late. Wednesday night, a Yankees spokesman said, with the White Sox to receive future considerations. Raines, who is signed for next season at \$3.7 million, agreed to a one-year contract extension through 1997 with a club option for 1998. Raines hit .285 with 12 homers, 67 rbis and 13 steals in 15 attempts last season. He has 777 steals in his career, fourth on the career list

Wiberg wins 2nd successive slalom

SEMMERING, Austria (Agencies) — Sweden's Per-nilla Wiberg picked up where she left off before Christmas

Kjus widens lead by winning her second con-secutive World Cup slalom

on Friday. The 25-year-old Swede, after a frustrating start to her season, showed that she has definitely found her form by powering ber way down the Hirschenkogel Course in a two-run combined time of

one minute, 40.28 seconds. It was Wiberg's 13th career victory and her second in a row. She won the last race before the Christmas break in Veysonnaz, Switzerland.

Switzerland's Karin Roten used the fastest time of the second run to vault from fifth to second, registering her first World Cup podium finish with a two-run clocking of

Austria's Elfi Eder, winner of the first two slaloms of the season, took third in 1:41.78, much to the delight of the

In Bormio, Italy, Lasse Kjus of Norway won his first ever World Cup downhill Friday to widen his lead in the men's

overall standings.

Kjus crossed the line in 1min 55.35sec ahead of Andreas Schifferer of Austria, finishing in 1:55.66, and Ed Podivinsky of Canada, third in 1:55.86.

The 24-year-old Norwegian won in treacherous conditions, which rendered veral turns almost impossible to negotiate.

One such turn ended the challenge of Austria's Patrick Ortlieb. The 1992 Olympic champion, looking to repeat his success a fortnight ago in Val Gardena, crashed out after losing a ski in the bottom half of a pebbly course more suited to Super-G.

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L'Equipe names Edwards Sayonara wins Sydney-Hobart, 10 hours off record

the world's newest, hi-tech ocean racing maxi, took line honours in the 51st Sydneyto-Hobart on Friday, but the U.S. yacht finished 10 hours outside the 20-year race re-

Australian maxi Brindabella finish second, two hours later.

Larry Ellison, founder of U.S. computer firm Oracle, steered his \$2.0 million Sayonara over the line, making it the first U.S. yacht to take line honours in the race in 17

But it was a frustrating 630 mile race for Sayonara, which took three days, 53 minutes and 35 seconds to complete the journey down the eastern Australian coast in fickle

"A few hours this morning you could have swum faster," said news corp chairman and crew member Rupert Murdoch, who helped steer the boat, worked the winches, and made soup for the crew. U.S. maxi ketch Kialoa set a record of two days 14 hours

Hohart with strong northeastern tail winds. "I think if we got the right conditions we could wipe half a day off the record," Ellison

36 minutes and 56 seconds in

1975, running from Sydney to

told reporters in Hobart. "We thought we had a great shot at the record, but the wind gods said no. It was an unbelievable experience.

SYDNEY (R) - Sayonara, and I would certainly do it again," said Ellison.

Ironically Kialoa only managed to average 10 knots in her record breaking run, while Sayonara can easily clock over 10 knots heading into the wind, with 16 knots under spinnaker.

Sayonara, with its spaceage carbon fibre hull and computer moulded bullet proof kevlar sails, and with a crew stacked with America's Cup and Whitbread aroundthe-world sailors, was hot favourite to take both line honours and the race record.

But after a fast start on Tuesday which pnt Sayonara four hours inside the race record, the new ILC70 maxi encountered fluctuating winds, which left it drifting as it struggled to enter the Derwent river and the final run

veteran of 13 Hoharts, said the race was a typical Sydneyto-Hobart, and said the vachi had a difficult time crossing Bass Strait.

"We had a very hard night across Bass Strait with 40 to 45 knots of wind gusting," Stagg said.
"We had a very, very hard night of broad reaching...

seas — a very demanding night. There was still a real chance at the record." After whipping down Tasmania's east coast. Savonara looked to still have a chance

crashing off very, very big

Media tycoon Rupert Murdoch (centre) aboard the U.S. maxi

of setting a new record, but hy early Friday morning the wind had dropped and Sayo-nara's pace slowed dramatically. "We had a very, very, frustrating 12 hours, working very hard, picking on every wind shift," said Stagg.

As Sayonara rounded Tasman Island at the mouth of the derwent, it had a 20-mile advantage over Brindabella,

yacht Sayonara as it sails into Hobart December 29. Sayonara, hut the Australian maxi managed the fickle breeze better, cutting the lead in half, with Sayonara struggling against

an outgoing tide. But as a southeasterly kicked in across the derwent, Sayonara jibbed its way up the river at about eight knots and pulled away from Brin-

dabella. Brindabella, which was the world's newest, hi-tech ocean racing maxi, took line honours in the 51st Sydney-to-Hobart (Reuters photo)

narrowly beaten by seven minutes for line honours in 1994 hy Australian maxi ketch Tasmania, also experienced a frustrating journey.

Brindahella, in second place out of Sydney Harbour, kept up with her newer rival Sayonara during the first two days, but a broken mainsail Halyard saw her slip hack to third at one stage.

The Sydney-to-Hobart is nicknamed "hell on high water" having claimed two lives and wrecked scores of yachts. ln 1993 mountainous seas forced more than half the

fleet to retire. But this year only five boats have retired damaged from the original 98-boat fleet, one after being holed

GOREN BRIDGE

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The bidding: SOUTH WEST NORTH PAST SNT PRESS PASS PASS

Opening lead: Queen of 4
There are hands where pursuit of a single line is all that is needed to hand your contract. More often than not, however, you have to combine two or more strategies if you are to succeed.

succeed.

South was rather beavy for a three-no-trump opening bid — 27 is usually the upper limit. However, South considered the 4-3-3-3 shape and potential blockage in the majors something of a drawback (correctly because, as you can see, a low card in either major would be

Molby in

Norwich

loan move

LONDON (AFP) — Liver-pool midfielder Jan Molby has joined first division Nor-

The former Danish inter-

national goes straight into the

side for Saturday's clash with Reading, which looks certain

to snrvive the big freeze thanks to Carrow Road's

New Norwich boss Gary Megson snapped Molby up when he became available

Thursday, and hopes to make the move permanent.

Molby said: "Norwich are very much geared towards

the Premiership and I was

surprised as anyone when

undersoil heating.

wich on a month's loan.

worth a full trick, and adopted more conservative course, West led the queen of clubs, and declarer's first good decision was to

employ a holdup play and allow West to win the trick. The continua-tion of the jack of clube was taken in hand end the three winners in

tion of the jack of clubs was taken in hand end the three winners in each major suit were cashed.

One possible line now was to cash the remaining club honor and then exit with a diamond. That would work if whoever won the diamond also held the ace. But the defenders could maneuver to have East win the trick and then declarer would have been in jeopardy when East returned the suit. As the cards lie, defeat would have been inevitable.

Declarer did better by taking his second club winner and then exiting with a club. When West turned up with the outstanding club, the contract became a laydown. A major-suit return would present dummy with two tricks, and a diamond would establish the king as the fulfilling trick.

Note that declarer's refusal to win the first trick fails only if West started with specifically Q J 9 of clubs. On any other lie of the suit the defenders can maneuver to have East gain the lead for the fatal dismond shift.

Voeller to retire

BONN (AFP) — Veteran

season as I no longer have the desire to play," the 35-year-old Bayer Leverkusen star told the Express newspaper.

the Bundesliga with Bayer some capacity.

One option is to coach young players for the Ger-man Football Association, while Bayer may also appoint him to a position on the club's coaching staff.

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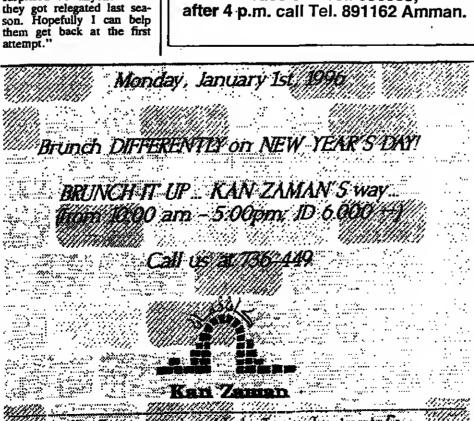
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German striker Rudi Voeller said Friday he is to hang up his boots at the end of the

"There is a 99 per cent chance I will stop playing football at the end of this

Voeller, who returned to two years ago after spells with AS Roma and Olympique Marseille, is believed to have received several offers to continue in the game in

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U.S. builds giant bridge to solve NATO's Bosnia jigsaw

ica's biggest military bridge in 50 years moved across the Sava River Friday, a symbolic last key piece of NATO's logistics jigsaw in Bosnia.

US. troops raced to finish the weather-hit Pontoon Bridge and open a vital overland route into Bosnia by Saturday, day 11 of NATO's biggest military campaign.
Storms that left troops

floundering in the mud of a Balkan winter quagmire ear-lier in the week had made the project look almost like a hridge too far.

But on Friday U.S. army engineers were ordered to work flat out to complete the floating structure, the higgest portable hridge Americans have assembled operationally since World War II.

Tank-led columns of troops will flow over the bridge, swiftly building up America's pledged 20,000 contingent, the higgest component of a 60,000-strong NATO-led world army enforcing a Bosnian peace.

The commander of the NATO operation, Admiral Leighton Smith, flew into the rebel Serb stronghold of Bania Luka for talks on carrying out the provisions of the Dayton, Ohio peace pacts which ended nearly four years of Bosnian conflict.

"I am absolutely convinced that the people of this coun-

GAZA CITY (AFP) -- Palestinian leader Yasser

Arafat will not comply with a

U.S. court order summoning him to testify in a civil suit

headquarters in Gaza.

In a ruling issoed Wednes-

day, the New York court

heads the Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation (PLO), un-

JERUSALEM (R) — Palestinian journalists on Fri-

day appealed to Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO)

chairman Yasser Arafat to

free a newspaper editor de-tained for failing to publish an item about him on the front page of Al Quds news-

paper.
The editor, Maher Al Alami, has been held without charges at a PLO jail in self-

ruled Jericho since Monday.

Colleagues said he was de-

tained after he ignored a request from Mr. Arafat's

office to print on the front page a story about Mr. Ara-fat being granted custody of Jerusalem's Christian holy

try wanı peace," Adm. Smith told reporters on his first visit to the biggest town in Serbheld Bosnia

"We are extraordinarily encouraged about what we see," Adm. Smith said, a day after NATO confirmed a 100 per cent compliance by warring Serb and Muslim forces in pulling back from designated frontline strongpoints in the capital Sarajevo.

He has reserved judgment on a contentious appeal hy the Bosnian Serb leadership for a delay in carrying out provisions of the pact which will transfer parts of Sarajevo from Serh to Muslim-led government control.

His flight into Banja Luka from Sarajevo was delayed hy fog as bitter weather still played havoc with NATO's

Under pressure from General William Nash, the commander of America's contingent, U.S. troops toiled to finish hy Saturday the Sava hridge, plugging a crucial gap in a military corridor from Germany to Bosnia.

The bridge is going to go in lomorrow," said a determined Nash, as engineers waded through mud and water to complete an unprecedented operational project since they spanned the Rhine in the World War II campaign against Hitler's Nazi

Arafat to disregard U.S.

court summon — official

seized if he fails to show up in

The suit for undisclosed

damages was filed against the

PLO by the New Jersey

Germany.
Work has been held up for days and was thrown into disarray on Thursday when the swollen Sava bursi its banks over an adjacent U.S. camp which had to be evacu-

"Pat, we've gotta make it happen now," Gen. Nash told Rear Commander General Pat O'Neal at Zupanka, site of the hridge.

A French air force cargo plane landed at the southern city of Mostar, the first aircraft 10 do so since 1992, carrying supplies for French troops stricken hy the Balkan

French foreign legion-naires were forced to evacuate their tented camp outside the town on Wednesday when a swollen river cascaded through their tempor-

More than 50 advance troops of the U.S. 2nd Brigade drove from Belgrade over the Drina River border and reached Tuzla without a hitch, on Thursday, opening new overland route for NATO's Implementation Force (IFOR)

Their arrival started a fresh chapter in Serbian-U.S. cooperation on the Bosnian conflict that was unthinkable until Belgrade, ostracised hy the West for backing warring separatist Serhs, signed

said the convoy had a Serbian police escort to Zvornik in Serb-held Bosnian territory. A U.S. army escort collected the convoy there and guided it across ceasefire lines to Bosnian government-controlled Tuzla.

Under the terms of accord parts of Sarajevo will be transferred to Muslim government control in January but Serh separatist leaders are appealing for an extended

Serbs are already fleeing the capital, some taking their dead with them, and say they will set fire to their homes rather than have them occu-

pied hy Bosnian Muslims.
The Pentagon said that
U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry would visit American troops in Tuzla and Sarajevo next week.
White House officials said

U.S. President Bill Clinton was considering a visit some time after Mr. Perry.

Mr. Clinton announced a suspension of hroad economic sanctions against Serhia and Montenegro, the two constituent parts of rump Yugoslavia, on Thursday.

In Washington, U.S. officials announced a phased lifting of an arms emhargo against Bosnia's former warring factions that will allow them to acquire weapons for



A U.S. Army Chinook helicopter flies over a key river hridge into Bosnia after major part of a hridge on the Sava River Friday as weather-related problems (Renters photo) American troops began final construction of a

touch with people inside Iraq

lows new restrictions on exit

permits from Iraq, apparent-

ly to prevent people fleeing the country because of the

worsening hardship caused

The move by Baghdad fol-

from Amman

Iraq curbs international phone calls

AMMAN (AP) — Iraqi authorities have sharply reduced the availability of international telephone lines, apparently to hinder contacts with opposition groups in exile, travellers from Iraq reported Friday.

"All international calls are now routed through the oper-ator," one traveller said on condition of anonymity. "It's been impossible to get through on the international circuits for three weeks." Repeated attempts by the

Associated Press to get through to Baghdad Friday were futile, even though it is the Muslim holiday when usually easy to make. Iraqi emhassy officials said the telecommunications de-

partment in Baghdad was carrying out repair work on the telephone system, which was damaged in the 1991 But it was widely believed that the government is de-

liberately restricting telephone contacts hetween people inside Iraq and foreignbased opposition groups

seeking to topple the regime. Sources close to Lieutenant General Hussein Kamel Al Majid, President Saddam Hussein's son-in-law who de-

by U.N. trade sanctions imposed in 1990 after Iraq inraded Knwait. Travellers from Iraq told

the AP last week that Baghdad has frozen exit permits, passes are issued.

mandatory for anyone leaving the country, until new The travellers said the Ira-

government was planning

say he has been in regular fee for exit permits next month.

They said that authorities in Baghdad have also reduced the validity of the permits from one year 10 one The new 400,000-dinar fee

equivalent to \$1.3 million at the official exchange rate of 3.2 dollars to the dinar, or \$142 at the black market rate of 2.800 dinars to the dollar.

Whatever the fee costs in hard cash, few Iraqis can afford 400,000 dinars in a country where the average monthly salary is 5,000 dinars, barely enough to feed a

refugees."
The foreign minister urged

Mr. Ogata to give legal pro-tection to Ethiopian refugees

It cited the example of

SALT LAKE CITY (R) --A woman will be charged with tricking people into giving her cash and gifts by passing herself off as a 13year-old boy abandoned by his parents at Christmas. Birdie Jo Hoaks. 25, will be charged with theft of services and lying to a judge, a Salı Lake County sheriff's official said. Hoaks, now beld in the Salt Lake County jail, has a criminal record in several states. She surfaced on Dec. 20 after calling Utah social services and identifying herself as a 13-yearold boy, allegedly aban-

godfather Salvatore "Toto" Riina and 14 other crime bosses were moved out of their high security jail in Sicily after one of their prison wardens was mur-dered, a legal source said. The men were transferred to prisons in northern Italy following the shooting last Saturday of Giuseppe Montalto, a warden in the Ninth Section of Palermo's Ucciardone jail where some of lialy's most dangerous criminals are held.

over the 1985 hijacking of the Achille Lauro cruise ship, travel agency which sold cruise tickets to Leon Klingofficials indicated Friday. hoffer, a Jewish-American paraplegic who was mur-Italian court. We don't give any importdered and dumped overboard Crown Travel Attorney ance to this court case," an by the Palestinian hijackers official, who asked not to be of the Achille Lauro. named, said from Mr. Arafat's Palestinian authority

The Italian liner was hijacked during a Mediterranean cruise. In documents submitted to

the court, Mr. Arafat and the PLO have denied any involvement in the incident, saying the hijackers "be-PLO property. could he longed to a Palestinian group

Palestinian journalists appeal

for release of Al Quds editor

fat) appealing for the release of journalist Maher Al Ala-

head of the Arah Journalists

Palestiman journalists, in a

statement issued on Thurs-

day, also asked the Palesti-

nian aothority to free Mr.

Alami, a veteran editor at Al

Quds for some 20 years.
'The community of the Palestinian journalists ex-

pressed its concern following

this arrest which it fears is

aimed at punishing a fellow

journalist carrying out his dnties," said the statement.

newspaper have said that

PLO security officials sum-

moned Mr. Alami to Jericho

Monday and he had not re-

Journalists at Al Quds

said Naim Toubassi,

that was hostile to President Arafat and the PLO."

Ahu Ahbas, leader of the Palestine Liberation Front and an Arafat opponent, had been convicted in absentia of the Klinghoffer murder hy an

Craig Harwood said the PLO had written to the court obiecting to "the constant demands on President Arafat's time in the ongoing peace process and the political con-sequences of giving a deposition for an American travel agency seeking damages for alleged and doubtful minor commercial losses.

His family said they saw him in Jericho on Wednesday. "Officials from Arafat's

office called Alami on Sun-

day night and asked him to

print a report on a meeting

hetween Arafat and the

Greek Orthodox patriarch on the first page," the journalist said. "But by mistake and

because the first page was loaded with Arafat news, the

report was published inside."

PLO officials said Pat-

riarch Diodoros I received

Mr. Arafat and gave him

symbolic custody over Christ-ian holy sites in Jerusalem.

"Apparently this was im-

portant for Arafat, and he

Sudan to hold Ramadan general elections

KHARTOUM (AFP) — Sudan will hold its first gener-al elections since 1989 during the Holy Month of Ramadan. in late January and early Fehruary, Justice Minister Abdul Aziz Shiddo said in a newspaper interview published on Friday.

"General elections will be held during the Ramadan fast," which starts around Jan. 20 and last for a month, Mr. Shiddo said, quoted by the daily Akhbar Al Yom.

"Sudan's new constitutional era will begin early next

President Omar Al Bashir, who came to power in a military coup in 1989, had annoonced io December presidential and parliamen-tary elections would be held in "early 1996," hut did not specify a date.

Mr. Shiddo underlined that presidential candidates who oppose the country's Islamic rule, in place since the coup, would not be barred from the

A "reconciliation committee" would be formed to "explain the case of any candidate who does not believe in the (Islamic) cultural orientation so the public is aware of his position," Mr. Shiddo

But the committee "has no right to drop any candidacy or force any candidate to withdraw," he said. Mr. Shiddo also said Khar-

toum would not bar international observers of the vote to 'ascertain the credibility of the election experience."

By a decree passed in De-cember, 275 of the new parliament's 400 deputies are to be chosen in general elections. The remainder will be elected by a "national committee" representing profes-

UNHCR to check Ethiopian complaint about Sudan sinister acts of beating, tor-turing and killing Ethiopian

into Ethiopia's accusations that Sndan has beaten, tortured and killed Ethiopian

refugees.
Ethiopian Foreign Minister
Seyoum Mesfin's letter to Sadako Ogata, U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees, has been received and is being taken "very seriously," according to her spokesman.

"We confirm that we have received the letter and take it

GENEVA (R) — The United Nations refugee agency ing into it," Ron Redmond, spokesman for the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNCHR) in Geneva, told

> cerned whenever we get such allegations. But right now we have no report from our office whether these things are happening," he added. Mr. Seyoum's letter, read

Thursday night, said: "Sudan is committing hrutal and

on state-run television on

refugee Tesfaye Fasil, saying he was beaten and hanged in prison hy Sudanese security men last Sunday, and said Ahraha Adem, was also tortured and his body thrown into the Rezoris River in eastern Sudan Oct. 24.

Parliamentarians, unionists visit Shbeilat in prison

By Sa'eda Kilani Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Dozens of Parliamenterians and Unionists Friday visited President of the Jordan Engineers Asso-ciation (JEA) Leith Shbeilat in prison in an explicit show of solidarity with the our-spoken opposition figure who was detained earlier this month on four charges of violating the law.

While police ordered the gathering he dispersed in front of Juweideh prison, where Mr. Shbeilat was held, they allowed all visitors with identification cards in to see him. His wife and four daughters remained outside, insisting on their desire to have a private visit instead of communicating with their father and husband through metal fence that hars visitors from prisoners.

"We demand his immediate release," said Lower House of Parliament Deputy Hammam Sa'eed. "He is a man of principle." Mr. Sa'eed, himself an outspoken Islamist deputy, was accom-panied by few other Parliamentarians but most of those who showed up at the prison

were Unionists. "I am not afraid," Mr. Shbeilat told journalists accompanying the group. "Inside or outside (of prison)

I remain free."
Mr. Shbeilat, a former de-

puty, was held on Dec. 9 but was denied hail, according to Husm Khafash, a member of the lawyers committee" for his defence formed shortly after his arrest. Mr. Shbeilat was charged with distributing statements that are considered offensive to Their Majesties King Hus-

sein and Queen Noor, inciting sectarian and ethnic troubles, undermining the country's financial status and shaking the confidence in the Jordanian dinar. The charges, which are believed to be based on lectures Mr. Shbeilat gave in the last two months, are considered as an offence and not a crime. They carry a maximum sentence of three years in prison.

"What is a sentence of one year?" Mr. Shbeilat said. "I have no problem with that, It is the responsibility of Jordanians to make a move."
Visitors from Kerak, Irbid.

Aqaba, and Zarqa arrived in groups in the early morning hours yesterday at Juweideh prison, south of Amman. Some visitors claimed they were stopped on their way by policemeo and that others were taken to the police station for investigation. These claims, however, could not

be substantiated. Mr. Shbeilat was convicted

years in jail along with for-mer fellow Islamist Deputy Ya'conh Qarrash on charges that they belonged to an illegal Islamic group called Sha-hah Al Nafeer Al Islami (the vanguards of Islamic youth) which aimed at toppling the regime. Both were freed shortly after the King issued a general amnesty. Upon re-lease from jail, Mr. Shbeilat announced he was quitting politics because of what he said was the silence of political groups over what he saw as attempts to undermine democracy. He staged a political comehack, however, when he won the JEA presidency two

"As God revealed that the first case (was baseless), he will reveal the second one too," Mr. Qarrash said after he visited Mr. Shbeilat in prison. "Injustice has reached an unbearable

level," It was the first time Mr. Qarrash was seen in public after he was convicted and freed. He did not say whether he would be reengaging in politics but said that for him political action "is a continuous process.'

"Our deeds are not worth mentioning when compared to Mr. Shbeilat's," Mr. Qarrash said. "I'm planning to go back to Jerusalem."

Major warns Charles against

remarriage

Haiti tha

lordan

LONDON (R) 🛶 🕽 Minister John Major warned Prince Charles the British public wont not tolerate a marriage his long-time love Camela Parker Bowles if he divorces Princess Diana the Daily Mirror reported It quoted senior members of the ruling Conservative Party as saying Mr. Major told the heir-to-the-throne that Britons would not accept Parker Bowles as his consort. "Mr. Major is believed by top Tory sources to have made that clear to Charles and the queen, the newspaper said. "It would be very unpopular if there was a divorce and remarriage," it quoted a member of the party's influential 1922 committee as saying.

Orange County treasurer used astrologer paper

SANTA ANA, California (R) - The former treasurer of a California county that declared bankruptcy relied on a mail-order astrologer and a psychic to predict interest rates, the Los Angeles Times reported. Eileen Walsh, the former finance director for Orange County, told a grand jury that in December 1994 — days before bankruptcy was declared former Assistant Treasurer Matthew Raabe told county officials in a secret meeting that treasurer Bob Citron had relied on the astrologer and a psychic. "Matt said. Bob had a mail-order astrologist that gave him interest rate predictions and a psychic he consulted," Mr. Walsh told the grand jury.

Athlete dies after another teen

SAN ANTONIO (R) -- A 14-year-old athlete dicd shortly after a collision with another teen during a high school basketball game but the cause of death is still unknown, a medical examiner said. Cesar Ybarra, a freshman at Southside High School in San Antonio, collapsed on the court of a neighbouring high school during a baskethall game evening minutes after colliding with another player.

Woman to be charged for Christmas hoax

doned by his parents at a bus stop.

Italy mafia bosses moved prison after shootout

PALERMO (R) - Mafia

wanted the report on the paper's first page," said the journalist. places. "I have sent a message to brother Ahu Ammar (Araturned to Jerusalem since. Proposed body to fight anti-Muslim discrimination faces uphill task

of Jordanian parliamentarians and scholars are proposing the establishment of a body to counter discrimination against Muslims worldwide is facing a mammoth task, the group members were told Thursday by a visiting delegation representing the London-based Inter-Parliamentary Council Against anti-Semitism.

At a meeting held at the premises of the Arab Thought Forum (ATF) in Amman, Greville Janner, a member in the council and Labour Member of Parliament, told his Jordanian interlocutors that such a body requires huge funding, which should come solely from Arab and Muslim countries.

Mr. Janner noted that it was imperative for such an organisation, whose establishment "will be very hard and demanding," to include non-Muslim members within

He pointed out that the activities of his council for example were financed by individuals, mostly non-Jewish, "and this is how the council derives its strength," said Mr. Janner.

On the other hand, Mahmoud Sharif, a former minister of information, called on Europeans to be involved in such an endeavour.

Europeans should involve themselves in fighting discri-mination against Muslims because most European countries have sizeable Muslim communities, he stressed. "Muslims are living in hostile communities in Europe,' said Mr. Sharif, adding that Islamophobia is more of a

European problem.

A study carried out in Britain and produced at the meeting said 70,000 cases of racial and ethnic attacks take place annually, with the majority of the victims being

Mr. Janner outlined the achievements of the council

and briefed the meeting on its successful approach in comhating anti-Semitic behaviour, whether expressed in writing or verbally all over the world.

"For instance, (Croatian) President Franjo Tudjman had to rebuild a Jewish community centre which was destroyed by a bomb attack in Zagreb in 1991 at the urging of the council," he said.

Jordanian delegates said that while they were expecting more information and help from the visiting delegation in establishing their proposed body, the messages they got were more interested in inviting the Jordanians to become members in

We (the council) can only lay the table and invite you to choose what you wish," said Mr. Janner, who stressed that the council will meet with Omani, Saudi and Qatari public figures to invite them